

Herald Tribune

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

PARIS WEATHER - PARIS: Occasional rain...

London 7 5, Rome 7 5, Moscow 7 5, Tokyo 7 5...

27.457 PARIS, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, APRIL 24-25, 1971 Established 1887



WANTED MEDALS - A Vietnam veteran, one of hundreds demonstrating in Washington against the war, throws away a medal on the grounds of the Capitol yesterday.

In Front of Capitol

Anti-War Vets Hurl Away Medals

By Robert Siner WASHINGTON, April 23 - Anti-war veterans hurled five days of protest today by throwing away their medals and combat ribbons on the steps of the Capitol...

Tens of Thousands in Haiti Throng Past Duvalier Bier

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti, April 23 (Reuters) - Haiti today paid a final homage to the late President Francois Duvalier, and tens of thousands thronged past his bier in the National Palace where he died on Wednesday night...

Workers to Vote on Pay Offer

ROME, April 23 (AP) - Unions called off a post office strike today that has disrupted mail service and caused a huge backlog of letters, cards and packages...

In Space Station Project Russians Orbit 3-Man Craft, Linkups With Others Expected

MOSCOW, April 23 (UPI) - A Soviet spaceship with three men aboard circled the earth today as the spearhead of a drive to build the first orbiting space station...



THE SOYUZ-10 CREW - From left, Alexei Yeliseyev, Vladimir Shatalov, Nikolai Rukavishnikov. They are shown in the cabin of a spacecraft before yesterday's flight.

The official news agency, Tass, said the Soyuz, shaped like a long tube with a ball at the nose, settled quickly into earth orbit and headed for a rendezvous with the unmanned Salyut (Salute) sputnik for "joint experiments."

present series was not just a dress rehearsal, the Russians would have to lift their current orbital height of about 131 miles to 186-217 miles to avoid over-heating of their spacecraft...

"We have now started a new stage in space exploration, commenced with the preparation of orbital stations," he said. The interview, given last night, was part of an hour-long television program on the launch...

permanent manned orbiting space stations as the principle goal of their manned space program since the Americans began dominating manned moon exploration in 1969.

He Sees No 'Dramatic Results'

Rogers' Mideast Trip Aims At Aiding Peace Momentum

By Marilyn Berger WASHINGTON, April 23 (WP) - In what he described as an effort to "accelerate the momentum toward peace," Secretary of State William P. Rogers announced today that he is making a tour of the Middle East starting the first week of May...



Secretary of State William Rogers announcing yesterday his plans to visit the Middle East.

Laird and Jackson Cited Photos 40 New ICBM Silos Spotted In Russia by Spy Satellites

WASHINGTON, April 23 (WP) - About 40 new silos for Soviet intercontinental ballistic missiles have been spotted by American reconnaissance satellites, it was learned yesterday...

Jarring Delays Indefinitely His Return to N.Y.

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., April 23 (Reuters) - UN Middle East mediator Gunnar V. Jarring has postponed indefinitely his return to New York but will remain ready to resume his mission here on short notice, it was announced today...

Swiss Gets 4 1/2-Year Sentence For Giving Israel Jet Secrets

LAUSANNE, Switzerland, April 23 (UPI) - The Swiss Supreme Court admitted today that Alfred Fraenknecht was not a typical spy, then sentenced him to 4 1/2 years at hard labor on charges of spying for Israel...

Israelis Kill Eight Near Lebanon

TEL AVIV, April 23 (UPI) - An Israeli Army patrol killed eight Arab guerrillas on the Lebanese frontier last night in what was described today as the costliest clash in which the guerrillas in that area have ever been involved...

### As Pakistan Troops Gain Ground Bangla Desh Issues Appeal For Recognition as a Nation

NEW DELHI, April 23 (Reuters)—The so-called Bangla Desh (Bengal nation) government in East Pakistan tonight sent an appeal to world governments for recognition as the Pakistan Army gained more ground in its push against the separatist regime's forces.

### Ceylon Offers Re-Education To Insurgents

COLOMBO, Ceylon, April 23 (UPI)—The Ceylon state radio today called upon the Che Guevarist insurgents to lay down their arms and "stop this bloodshed."

The minister for irrigation, power and highways Malprapala Senanayake later announced a government decision to rehabilitate insurgents not involved in violence.

The whole purpose of the rehabilitation scheme is to impress on these young minds the force of argument and to wean them away from the argument of force," he said.

The minister said that the first rehabilitation center will be based at Viduyodaya Buddhist University, six miles from here.

She thanked the governments of India, Britain, the United States, the Soviet Union, Egypt, Pakistan and Yugoslavia—in that order—for their speed in coming to the assistance of her government.

She said the program was prepared with the purpose of "re-integrating these young men and women with the rest of society as peace-loving and law-abiding citizens."

She said she would like to see the first rehabilitation center well based at Viduyodaya Buddhist University, six miles from here.

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merly the Pakistan deputy high commissioner's office—said a letter from Acting President Syed Nasrul Islam is being sent to overseas capitals.

It calls for establishment of "normal diplomatic relations and exchange of envoys with a view to further strengthening the ties of friendship."

Mr. Islam said in his message that the government of Bangla Desh is the "only legal and sovereign government enjoying the support and cooperation of the entire people of Bangla Desh."

Word of the letter came amid reports by the Press Trust of India that Pakistan Air Force jets and army artillery had blasted the northern town of Mymensingh and that three columns of troops were moving toward it.

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HIGHWAY HOLOCAUST—Three persons died yesterday when liquid gas escaping from an overturned tank truck on the Ghent-Antwerp highway burst into flame, engulfing eight other vehicles that had been held up in the roadway. Of the three motorists who died in a Ghent

### Soyuz Is Aloft To Work With Orbiting Base

(Continued from Page 1) 496 miles above the earth's surface, Tass said.

NASA: 2-Year Head Start HOUSTON, April 23 (Reuters).—American space officials today conceded that Russia would have at least a two-year lead over the United States if its Soyuz-10 cosmonauts were preparing to man an orbiting space station.

American's first prototype space station, basically a converted Apollo rocket called Skylab, is not due to be launched until 1973. It will house teams of three astronauts for an initial period of 28 days followed by two 56-day missions.

Skylab will conduct a wide range of experiments in star-gazing, assessing earth resources, weather studies and communications as well as testing man's ability to withstand long periods in space.

The first full-scale U.S. space station is planned for the early to middle 1980s. It will be a permanent base in orbit around the earth or moon, a station in which 12 men can work in an earthlike environment.

Unlike the early days of the "space race" when Soviet space shots were regarded with something approaching awe, U.S. space agency officials today expressed no dismay over the latest Russian effort.

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration was expected to issue a congratulatory statement.

One reason for the calm, even pleased reaction was that the space agencies of the two countries are at last getting together to discuss how they can pool their efforts. They have already agreed to exchange moon samples brought back by the Apollo missions and Russia's unmanned probe.

Engineers of the two countries are now studying ways of designing compatible spacecrafts so that astronauts and cosmonauts could link up in space or even rescue each other in emergencies.

But these are long-term goals. No joint expeditions are expected until the later half of this decade at the earliest.

Another reason why the American space program welcomes Soviet progress is the impetus it could give to the NASA program. The Apollo man-on-the-moon series has already run out of steam as a public spectacle, and critics in Congress claim the whole thing could be handled much more cheaply by Soviet-type automatic probes.

U.S. Naval Chief Notes Concern On Red Buildup OMAHA, Neb., April 23 (UPI).—Navy Secretary John H. Chafee said yesterday that there is "serious concern" in Washington over Russia's increasing naval strength in the Mediterranean.

### U.S. Believes Russia Has Sent Advanced Missiles to Egypt

WASHINGTON, April 23 (UPI).—There are strong indications that the Soviet Union has moved two new types of mobile air defense rockets—the SAM-4 and SAM-6—into Egypt in recent weeks, according to well informed Pentagon officials.

These new weapons, mounted on tank-like vehicles, are similar to the SAM-2 and SAM-3 surface-to-air missiles that the Russians put in fixed bases around Cairo and along the west bank of the Suez Canal last year when Israeli F-4 Phantom fighter-bombers threatened to demolish both Egyptian front-line defenses and vital targets deep inside the country.

In combination, the new missiles are designed to counter both low and high-flying planes. Because both can move around on their own, they would be harder for Israeli pilots to find and hit.

Reports of the new missiles coincide with a large-scale buildup of Russian men and military equipment in Egypt since early this year; a buildup which includes about 200 additional fighter planes, among them about six of the hottest new Soviet jet—the MIG-23—and about 2,000 more Russian military personnel.

At that time, the Israelis requested 100 more A-4 Skyhawk attack planes to go with the roughly 100 they already have, plus the Phantom request plus the extra A-4s remain on the Israeli shopping list left at the Pentagon.

Whatever else the United States gives the Israelis, it is the Phantoms that the Egyptians fear. Not only is the plane an excellent fighter—which the Israelis are modifying to make even better—but it can carry three times more bombs than anything the Russians have given Egypt.

Thus, despite the Soviet buildup, U.S. officials do not view the balance of power as tipped in favor of Israel at this time. Continuing supplies of relatively unprovocative defensive equipment is what is needed for the time being, as Pentagon officials view the situation, although, undoubtedly, additional planes would be provided if the situation worsened.

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### 125 Miles South of Hanoi American Jets Again Strike Anti-Aircraft Sites in North

SAIGON, April 23 (AP).—A flight of American fighter-bombers attacked North Vietnamese anti-aircraft batteries 125 miles south of Hanoi yesterday after the Communists fired on a reconnaissance plane apparently attempting to photograph a MIG air base, U.S. military spokesmen said.

It was the fifth so-called protective reaction strike inside North Vietnam this week, the most in a five-day period since the American halt in the bombing of the North on Nov. 1, 1968. The command earlier this week announced four protective reaction strikes over North Vietnam, and two raids against anti-aircraft defenses in Laos, just across the border from North Vietnam.

The strike yesterday was 185 miles north of the Demilitarized Zone, the deepest in North Vietnam since last November, a spokesman said.

Several carrier-based Navy fighter-bombers escorting the unarmed reconnaissance plane fired five radar-homing air-to-ground missiles at a cluster of surface-to-air missile sites and anti-aircraft guns that fired at the reconnaissance plane and the escorts.

A spokesman for the command said two anti-aircraft positions were knocked out and all of the Navy planes returned safely after evading SAMs and other anti-aircraft fire.

Two American aircraft were shot down over North Vietnam yesterday, the radio in Hanoi reported today, according to Reuters. The planes were in a group sent to attack two north-east provinces, the radio said. One was reported brought down over Nghe An province, and the other over the adjoining Ha Tinh province.

The MIG base, Quan Lang, is 48 miles northwest of the city of Vinh.

"It's a MIG base, known to have MIG aircraft," said a spokesman. "Our reports do not indicate any MIGs were involved in the action."

It was the 28th such strike reported inside North Vietnam this year, four times as many as the U.S. command announced during all of 1970. They have been in retaliation for attacks on U.S. reconnaissance planes flying over the North or in reaction to radar indications that the North Vietnamese were about to fire surface-to-air missiles at American planes operating over North Vietnam or the adjacent Laotian peninsula.

U.S. officials maintain that at the time of the bombing halt in 1968, there was an understanding with Hanoi that American reconnaissance flights would continue over North Vietnam. North Vietnam has repeatedly denied any such understanding. The United States maintains that such reconnaissance flights are necessary to check on North Vietnamese movements and buildings and protect American lives.

Last Dec. 23, North Vietnamese Defense Minister Vo Nguyen Giap said that North Vietnam will not tolerate U.S. reconnaissance flights over its territory. He said North Vietnam has the "inalienable right to pursue and shoot down U.S. planes of any type if they violate our air space."

In the ground war, there were only minor skirmishes reported in South Vietnam.

New Troop Outback SAIGON, April 23 (AP).—The U.S. command announced today the start of the seventh phase of American troop outbacks in South Vietnam.

He hopes that the "new page" in Chinese-American relations proclaimed by Premier Chou En-lai will become a "new chapter." "It's up to China," he said.

He would "suppose" that if Chinese-American relations continued to improve, there might be a beneficial effect on the Vietnam peace talks in Paris, but "we just have no way of knowing."

The discovery that the Soviet Union is preparing new offensive nuclear missile sites points up the necessity of including both offensive and defensive weapons in any arms-limitation agreement and not just having an agreement on defensive weapons alone, as Russia has suggested.

The United States has instructed all personnel in South Vietnam to avoid taking sides in the October presidential elections there. He said he hopes some foreign countries will take advantage of an offer by South Vietnam's President Nguyen Van Thieu to send observers to assist themselves of the fairness of the balloting.

Mr. Rogers also said that the Soviet Union's apparent uneasiness about the thaw between Peking and Washington was unfounded. The Nixon administration, he reiterated, was determined from the beginning to try to improve relations with Peking, but he insisted again that "we have not done this with the idea of irritating the Soviet Union."

### Soviet Prose Soars to Lofty Heights Too

MOSCOW, April 23 (UPI).—The Soviet Union sent dozens of reporters to write the official chronicle of the Soyuz-10 launch in socialist-realist word pictures.

This is a sample of the way they portrayed the big moment, selected from the thousands of words moved on Tass news agency wires.

"Now a formidable rumbling rolls over the steppe... The rocket softly detaches from the launching pad... a muffled formidable rumble rolls over our heads."

"Swiftly drawing a fiery autograph across the pre-dawn sky, the rocket-carrier heads for its orbit, leaving in its wake a strip of light spinning clouds which slowly melt in the blue-black sky touched at the very horizon with the gentle tints of the awakening morning."

The first full-scale U.S. space station is planned for the early to middle 1980s. It will be a permanent base in orbit around the earth or moon, a station in which 12 men can work in an earthlike environment.

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Engineers of the two countries are now studying ways of designing compatible spacecrafts so that astronauts and cosmonauts could link up in space or even rescue each other in emergencies.

But these are long-term goals. No joint expeditions are expected until the later half of this decade at the earliest.

Another reason why the American space program welcomes Soviet progress is the impetus it could give to the NASA program. The Apollo man-on-the-moon series has already run out of steam as a public spectacle, and critics in Congress claim the whole thing could be handled much more cheaply by Soviet-type automatic probes.

U.S. Naval Chief Notes Concern On Red Buildup OMAHA, Neb., April 23 (UPI).—Navy Secretary John H. Chafee said yesterday that there is "serious concern" in Washington over Russia's increasing naval strength in the Mediterranean.

Mr. Chafee, here for a visit to the Strategic Air Command Headquarters and the Naval Reserve Center at Fort Omaha said that the Soviet Union has a "powerful" force near the Middle East. However, he said, there were no immediate plans to increase the strength of the U.S. 8th fleet in the same waters.

Mr. Chafee said that Egyptian and Syrian ports are now open to Soviet warships and that this has made up for the lack of Russian aircraft carriers in the area.

### China Wanted the Americans To Stay Longer, Player Says

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., April 23 (Reuters).—A member of the U.S. table tennis team which visited China earlier this month said today the Chinese were disappointed at the brevity of the Americans' one-week stay and indicated they would be welcome to return.

George Braithwaite, a Guyanese-born naturalized American, who is in the U.N. Secretariat, told a press conference that the Chinese wanted the American team to remain for three weeks, but that commitments in the United States obliged the Americans to leave China earlier.

Mr. Braithwaite, a 34-year-old accountant from Brooklyn, said the Americans' visit grew out of the friendship which developed between the two teams when they participated in the world championships in Japan.

"Many members of our team befriended the Chinese players because we knew they were the best players in the world," he said.

"Tried to Learn" "We followed them around to try to learn something from them—techniques, training systems—and we met several times at practice sessions. We were very friendly, and I think this paved the way for our invitation by the Chinese," he said.

Mr. Braithwaite said that in China the people went out of their way to be friendly. "I think their approach was quite genuine and was no false smile about it," he went on.

The Vietnam conflict was never discussed and there were no political implications in other discussions, he said.

But an interpreter, learning that Mr. Braithwaite was from the U.N., asked if the People's Republic of China would be admitted at the next session of the General Assembly. His reply was that he favored the admission of all nations.

British Team in Tientsin TIENTSIN, China, April 23 (Reuters).—Britain's table tennis team today arrived in this northern port city after a 17-1/2-hour train journey from Shanghai through Chinese heartland rarely seen by Westerners. Before the Communist takeover in 1949, Tientsin was a free port, dominated by foreign trading firms.

The train was specially chosen by Chinese officials so that the team could have a good look at the countryside. The team has

hospital of severe burns, one was identified as George Leburton, 69, brother of Belgian Socialist party chairman Edmond Leburton. Five others were injured, two of them critically. Firemen with eight engines took two hours to overcome the fires that destroyed the vehicles.

Iraq Recalls Envoy BEIRUT, April 23 (UPI).—Iraq has recalled its ambassador from Amman to protest the harassment of its diplomats by Jordanian authorities, the official Iraq news agency said tonight.

PALESTINIANS CLAIM JORDAN ARMY ATTACK BEIRUT, April 23 (UPI).—Jordan Army troops fired on guerrilla bases at Sakhel, 19 miles north of Amman, early today, an el-Fatah spokesman said in Beirut.

He said that the trouble started yesterday afternoon when the troops stopped a guerrilla supply truck and arrested its driver. At the same time, the troops opened fire on the bases and "our guerrillas were forced to shoot back."

The most famous producer of diamonds in the world. **HARRY** Each stone is cut in **WINSTON** his own workshop. **WINSTON** is the choice 29 avenue Montaigne, Paris. is unlimited. It is **Balzac 69-07** also in his own workshop that these precious stones are transformed into exclusive creations, justifying the slogan: "from the mine to the jewel!"

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**HARRY'S NEW YORK BAR** 3 RUE D'ANNOU, PARIS 09E 7-50 JUST TELL THE TAXI DRIVER "SANS ROO DE NOO" OR "DOO ROO NEWLAY" LYONS (12 Rue St-Jacq, LYONS)

WEATHER	
	O F
ALGERIE	15 20 Cloudy
AMSTERDAM	12 18 Overcast
ANKARA	11 23 Very cloudy
ATHENS	11 20 Very cloudy
BELGRADE	12 17 Very cloudy
BELMOPAN	21 26 Very cloudy
BOMBAY	27 32 Cloudy
BUDAPEST	22 27 Very cloudy
CAIRO	22 27 Sunny
CASABLANCA	18 24 Very cloudy
COLOMBO	10 20 Sunny
COSTA DEL SOL	20 25 Very cloudy
DUBLIN	8 12 Rain
HONGKONG	24 28 Rain
INDIANAPOLIS	24 28 Partly cloudy
JAKARTA	24 28 Partly cloudy
JERUSALEM	14 27 Sunny
LAS PALMAS	21 27 Partly cloudy
LONDON	14 17 Rain
LYONS	14 17 Rain
MADRID	14 17 Rain
MONTREAL	13 18 Snow
MOSCOW	21 27 Very cloudy
NEW DELHI	27 32 Overcast
NICOSIA	17 22 Overcast
OSLO	7 12 Overcast
PARIS	16 21 Partly cloudy
PRAGUE	20 25 Very cloudy
ROME	20 25 Overcast
SARAJEVO	12 17 Very cloudy
SEOUL	6 14 Partly cloudy
SINGAPORE	24 29 Rain
SOFIA	18 23 Overcast
TOKYO	16 21 Rain
VIENNA	22 27 Partly cloudy
WASHINGTON	13 18 Partly cloudy
ZURICH	22 27 Partly cloudy

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SENATE HEARING—The room is jammed as the Senate Foreign Relations Committee headed by J. William Fulbright (back to camera) takes testimony from John Kerry, Mr. Kerry, a thrice-decorated former naval officer, is one of the leaders of the week-long anti-war demonstrations in Washington staged by veterans of the war in Indochina.

### 6 Democrats Attack Nixon On War Policy

Senators in TV Reply To President's Talk

By William Chapman WASHINGTON, April 23 (WP).—Hubert Humphrey, Lyndon B. Johnson's Vice-President during the big Vietnam buildup, opened a televised rebuttal of President Nixon's latest Vietnam speech, saying that both political parties bear responsibility for the war, not just Democrats, as he said Mr. Nixon had implied. Sen. Humphrey, D., Minn., and five other potential 1972 Democratic presidential candidates, gave their separate rebuttals last night in an unusual presentation of the American Broadcasting Company. Sen. Humphrey noted that U.S. commitments to South Vietnam began in the Republican administration of Dwight D. Eisenhower. "And Richard M. Nixon supported them," Sen. Humphrey said. Presidents John F. Kennedy and Johnson supported those commitments, Sen. Humphrey added, and so did Congress in its bipartisan passage of the Tonkin Gulf resolution in 1964.

Explanation by Humphrey Sen. Humphrey said that his switch to the anti-war camp was slow and with "considerable heartache... I believe our commitments to the South Vietnamese now have been more than fulfilled."

The Democratic presentation was designed to illustrate the growing unanimity of the party on withdrawing troops from Vietnam. The most part, the Democratic speakers last night stated familiar views.

Sen. Humphrey and four other senators—George McGovern of South Dakota, Harold Hughes of Iowa, Edmund Muskie of Maine and Birch Bayh of Indiana—all stressed their support for withdrawing U.S. troops by the end of this year.

The exception was Sen. Henry Jackson of Washington, who differed by claiming a fixed withdrawal date would "weaken the bargaining leverage we should be exerting on the governments of North and South Vietnam."

Shift by Jackson Sen. Jackson, generally an administration supporter on the war, seemed to be opening up some ground on which he could differ with Mr. Nixon. He called for a "more affirmative and positive approach" to achieve a cease-fire—even when the North Vietnamese turn the idea down.

"If the administration were to pursue a cease-fire in Vietnam with the decisiveness and dedication this proposal merits," he said, "there is a chance that the killing could be stopped in the quickest possible way."

The program was arranged as a reply to Mr. Nixon's televised April 7 speech in which he, by implication, blamed Democratic administrations for the war in Vietnam. He said then that, when he left the vice-presidency in 1961, there were no U.S. combat forces in Vietnam and that, when he returned as president in 1969, the country's troop strength there numbered 540,000. In 1969, there were 685 U.S. military advisers in Vietnam.

POW Stand Questioned The Democratic senators attacked the administration's contention that setting a fixed withdrawal date would lessen the chances of freeing U.S. prisoners of war held by the North Vietnamese.

Sen. Muskie said that the United States must use the promise of withdrawal by a certain date as a bargaining weapon to negotiate the prisoners' release. "It is the only way to bring them home," he said.

Sen. McGovern insisted that both the release of the prisoners and the safe withdrawal of remaining U.S. forces depend on establishing a fixed time by when all those forces would be removed. Mr. Nixon has said that a residual force will remain in South Vietnam until the prisoner issue is resolved.

Vietnamization Attacked "The President's Vietnamization policy virtually guarantees that our prisoners will remain in their cells, that our troops will remain in danger, that the negotiations will be stalled and that the killing will continue," Sen. McGovern said.

Sen. Earl Warren, without being specific, said Mr. Nixon may hope to make political capital by delaying an end to U.S. participation until an election year. "Unless the President hopes to enhance his own re-election prospects, there is nothing to be gained by delaying an end to our involvement until 1972," he said.

He said that Mr. Nixon's motive may be to assure the survival of the present government in Saigon.

Bomb Blasts Roof At Stanford University STANFORD, Calif., April 23 (UPI)—A bomb exploded early this morning in an attic in the president's office building at Stanford University. There was no injury.

3 Flee E. Germany BRUNSWICK, West Germany, April 23 (Reuters)—Three teenage East Germans fled across the mined no-man's-land into West Germany yesterday. East German border guards began combing the area shortly afterwards. Brunswick authorities said.



BOMBING IN NEW YORK—A police inspector looks over the damage at Amtorg, Soviet trade agency, after blast Thursday night. The offices had been evacuated.

### Caller Credits Jewish Extremists

### Bomb Blast Heavily Damages Russian Trade Office in N.Y.

NEW YORK, April 23 (NYT).—A bomb in an attaché case exploded yesterday at the offices here of the Amtorg Trading Corp., the Soviet trade agency, causing extensive damage. No one was injured.

The bomb exploded about 20 minutes after the agency and the Associated Press and United Press International received calls in which a male voice said: "There have been several time bombs placed in the offices of Amtorg... They will go off in less than 15 minutes. Free all Soviet Jewish prisoners. Let my people go. Never again."

Frank Bassett, 26, the building engineer, said that he received a call just moments before the bomb exploded. "They identified themselves as the Jewish Defense League," he said. "They told me to evacuate the building because the 19th floor was going to be bombed."

Extensive Damage Amtorg occupies the entire 19th floor of the 23-story building. The explosion collapsed part of the ceiling on the 19th floor, blew out doors and glass windows, tore a hole in the concrete stairwell, destroyed chairs in the Amtorg office and touched off several fires in the carpeting.

The bombing incident brought a strong statement from George Bush, U.S. ambassador to the United Nations, who made a personal call on Yakov A. Malik, the Soviet ambassador. Mr. Malik was absent but Mr. Bush expressed regrets and offered government assistance if it was needed. In his statement, the ambassador said:

"This kind of outrageous action must stop. If the extremists who resort to these bombings are U.S. citizens, all I can say is that they are damaging their country in the

### Senate Unit Votes \$5,000 Limit on Campaign Gifts

WASHINGTON, April 23 (UPI).—The Senate Commerce Committee approved today legislation to limit individual election campaign contributions to \$5,000 and clamp a ceiling on the amount a candidate for federal office could spend on advertising.

The measure, cleared after months of partisan dispute, is expected to be opposed by the Republicans when it comes to the Senate floor, probably in June.

The bill also would permanently suspend the equal-time rule of the Federal Communications Act for presidential and vice-presidential candidates, making possible televised debates between the Republican and Democratic candidates in presidential election years.

The bill, largely reflecting the ideas of the Democratic majority on the committee, is designed to replace a measure vetoed last year by President Nixon.

That bill limited only expenditures on candidate spending for radio and television time. In vetoing it, Mr. Nixon said it "closed only one hole in a sieve."

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### Illegal Wiretap Use Denied By U.S. in Berrigan Probe

By Betty Medsger HARRISBURG, Pa., April 23 (WP).—The Justice Department denied yesterday that it used illegal electronic surveillance to obtain evidence for the federal grand jury investigating the Roman Catholic radical peace movement.

Accepting the denial, District Judge E. Dixon Herman refused to ask government prosecutor William S. Lynch if such surveillance was based on the Nixon administration's approval of electronic eavesdropping without a court order when national security is believed to be at stake.

Judge Herman had called the hearing in response to a defense motion that contended that the recent subpoenaing of more than 20 additional witnesses resulted from illegal electronic surveillance.

Addison Bowman, an attorney for the six defendants indicted Jan. 13 in an alleged bomb-plot, said that from the time of the judge's order Wednesday night that the government declare whether it had used such surveillance until yesterday morning's hearing, the government could not have adequately searched its voluminous files on the case to

### Susan Atkins In Death Row

LOS ANGELES, April 23 (UPI).—Susan Atkins, convicted murderer of actress Sharon Tate and six others, was moved from her jail cell here today to a specially constructed death row for women in a prison near Corona.

Her codefendant, Charles Manson, was returned to Los Angeles today after only one day in the San Quentin death row where he was taken yesterday. He had to be checked in at San Quentin within ten days of sentencing to satisfy legal requirements.

Both Manson and Miss Atkins are due in court in Los Angeles Monday in connection with another murder trial, for the slayings of Donald Shea and Gary Hinman.

"This is an action of misguided individuals," department spokesman Charles Bray said. "It serves no conceivable purpose."

Russia Condemns Bombing MOSCOW, April 23 (AP).—The Soviet Union condemned the New York bombing today as a "despicable provocation."

### Anti-War Vet Takes Plea to Senate

By Spencer Rich WASHINGTON, April 23 (WP).—"Our one last mission is to search out and destroy the last vestige of this barbaric war," a spokesman for demonstrating war veterans told the Senate Foreign Relations Committee yesterday.

With John Kerry, a Yale University graduate and former U.S. Navy lieutenant, as their spokesman, the Vietnam Veterans Against the War took their plea for an immediate end of the Indochina conflict directly to the committee at a hearing on legislation to end the war.

"We must set a date and this must be the earliest possible," said Mr. Kerry, who was wounded and awarded medals in combat in Vietnam. "There is nothing that has happened in Vietnam that justified the loss of one American."

While Mr. Kerry, backed by applause from about 200 other veterans, was making his emotional plea to a receptive and sympathetic committee, a group of Republicans took the Senate floor to defend President Nixon's refusal to set a specific withdrawal date.

"I think that by the end of 1972, practically all American military personnel will be out of there. I hope sooner, in fact," said Sen. William Saxbe, R., Ohio. "Our job is finished here and, except for the logistics involved with so large a movement, there is no longer any reason to stay."

Opposes Definite Date "I reject, however," he continued, "the contention that the President should set a definite date for removal of all American troops. To so telegraph our punches to the other side is both unrealistic and, I submit, ridiculous. This would unnecessarily tie the President's hands and I can't in any way see how it would help to move the negotiations in Paris off dead center."

Robert A. Taft Jr., Clifford Hansen, R., Wyo., and James L. Buckley, New York Conservative, joined in support of Sen. Saxbe and of President Nixon.

President Nixon is ending U.S. involvement in Southeast Asia, Sen. Taft said. "To heed the demands for a precipitous withdrawal at this time would betray the valiant efforts made to date," Sen. Buckley said. "By simply continuing our training, logistics and air support for but a brief period of time, the Soviet Vietnamese will be capable of bearing the

### Senate Unit Votes to Keep Draft Till '73, Raise GI Pay

WASHINGTON, April 23 (UPI).—The Senate Armed Services Committee voted yesterday to extend the draft two years and begin raising military pay to levels the Nixon administration hopes will produce an all-volunteer army by 1972.

The committee voted 13 to 3 to extend the Selective Service Act for two more years after it expires June 30. A proposal to limit the extension to one year was defeated 13 to 3 and a four-year extension was defeated 10 to 6.

Then the committee, despite misgivings by many of its members that a volunteer army was an impossible goal, voted to raise pay for enlisted men and junior officers by amounts ranging from 9 to 50 percent. The proposal, identical to the pay increase suggested by the administration, passed 16 to 0. A House version that increases pay even more sharply was defeated 10 to 6.

The Senate version also included a bonus of \$5,000 to men who enlist for Army combat service

—a provision that has been rejected by the House. At least one more committee session will be necessary to vote on unfinished business—including the administration's plan to abolish deferments for college students. The bill then will go to the floor, where the draft extension will face a determined effort by conscription critics to abolish the Selective Service Act entirely or reduce the extension to the minimum time necessary. The committee session, however, practically assured that Congress will extend the draft for some period after June 30. It also appeared to assure President Nixon essential victory for his \$27 billion pay-and-benefits proposal to induce young men to join of their own free will without the inducements of the draft.

Chairman John Stennis, D., Miss., and others on the committee, however, said they were dubious about the chances for a volunteer army while the nation is so heavily committed abroad. They doubt whether many youngsters will enlist unless they face the alternative of being drafted. The pay increase, which would come on top of a 6 percent general increase for military personnel already approved by Congress, would amount to an Army private first class having his pay raised from \$149.10 to \$222.90 a month.

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## American Interest in Re-Electing Thieu

Sen. Church, who charges that the United States Information Agency is selling the current Saigon government to the South Vietnamese people "like a bar of soap," and Sen. Stevenson, who believes that Mr. Nixon ought to "implement a policy of strict neutrality" in the South Vietnamese elections, have a point. Their point is that it is a travesty on self-determination, the ideal for which we ostensibly are fighting in South Vietnam, for us to play a role of any kind in the presidential elections coming up in October, particularly if intervention is on the side of the incumbent military government. We don't doubt this for a minute and we wish it weren't so.

But the hard fact remains that, whatever may be the ideals for which the United States ostensibly is fighting, the policies which the Nixon administration is actually conducting are directed toward "Vietnamization." This means supporting and strengthening the South Vietnamese government with arms, money, praise, and encouragement to take on an ever-increasing share of the load. And there is no way to do this without, in the process, building up the incumbent regime, and advancing the political interests of President Thieu. His supporters in the military get the arms—and no small part of the money, one can be sure. He gets the benefit of the USA sales job that Sen. Church complains about for the simple reason that it is aimed at turning the "hearts and minds" of the populace away from the bad guys in Hanoi and toward the good guys in Saigon.

So there are no two ways about it: Vietnamization and self-determination are poor mixers. The United States can hardly encourage President Thieu to take over the war effort and, at the same time, itself take steps that would weaken or demoralize him. There is much to be said, as far as the principles of the matter are concerned, for the argument that the United States ought to use its influence only to the extent of insisting on a wide-open election, honestly conducted, in which a neutralist, compromise-minded candidate would have a chance. But, as a practical matter, this argument overlooks the fundamental commitment of the Nixon ad-

ministration to a regime so strong that it will not have to compromise with the enemy.

This is why there is not much point to Sen. Stevenson's suggestion that the U.S. Congress create a commission of its own members, with staff, to see that the United States plays fair. Inherently, given the policy we have, the United States can't be fair or neutral, however disinterested and uninvolved it may claim to be or seem to be on Election Day. In this regard, the experience of the White House-appointed commission which "observed" the Vietnamese elections of 1967 is instructive. It found no hanky-panky at the polls, and gave the performance a clean bill of health. But the suspicion remains that most of the real dirty work was done long before it arrived, as Thieu and Ky—with no very forceful objections from the Americans on the scene—moved to suppress their opponents by branding the most threatening of them as "Communists" or "neutralists" and either disqualifying them as candidates or locking them up. There are reports that this is already happening again. In any case, a commission that could find no American interference, tacit or active, would be disbelieved by war critics, and a finding that the U.S. mission was meddling one way or the other would risk embarrassing a presidential policy aimed at a goal—ending the American involvement—that surely the commission members would share. So we would only be fooling ourselves—and this war has given us enough of that.

Doubtless there are ways for the United States to make its electoral support of President Thieu less blatant, and therefore perhaps a little less offensive to critics of the war. But the contradiction between Vietnamization, by which we build up President Thieu, and strict self-determination, which would actually oblige us to encourage healthy opposition to him, remains profound. To resolve that contradiction, nothing less is required than for us to end our involvement in the war and to stop caring, in the life-and-death, make-or-break way that President Nixon would have us care, about how the South Vietnamese work out their destiny.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

## Haiti After Papa Doc

When François Duvalier became president of luckless Haiti in 1957, he vowed to erase its image as a land of misery and to direct a government of national unity that would "reconcile the nation with itself." Instead, his corrupt regime mired Haiti's five million people ever deeper in helpless poverty, his divide-and-rule policy unraveled what little social fabric existed, and he built a record for barbarity and bestiality unmatched even by Haitian predecessors or by his late neighbor, Generalissimo Trujillo of the Dominican Republic.

He nurtured the image of "Papa Doc," the kindly patriarch administering to the needs of his "children," an image fostered by the unfortunate photograph of a smiling Governor Rockefeller and a delighted Duvalier waving to the crowd from a balcony of the presidential palace during the governor's visit to Haiti in 1969. But for most of his 14 years in power he felt compelled to barricade himself in his white palace, cut off from the people, protected by a special guard and by the fanatic thugs called the *Tonton Macoutes*. He was afraid to convene his cabinet, fearing that ministers together would act against him. His savage purges touched even his own family after he suspected his son-in-law of conspiracy.

Dr. Duvalier was successful only in one

thing: survival. He died in bed at 64 and his was the most durable dictatorship in the history of a country where 23 of his 36 predecessors were either murdered or overthrown. In the power vacuum now opened it would be a miracle if his inexperienced young son, who has assumed his father's title, "President for Life," could for long hold things together.

That vacuum, in a country only 48 miles from Cuba at the nearest point, naturally concerns Haiti's Caribbean neighbors, including the United States, which has increased its military surveillance of the area. But Washington must proceed with great caution. This country is still trying to repair the damage to the inter-American system inflicted by the unilateral intervention in the Dominican Republic in 1965. In addition, the meager residue of the effort in Haiti during 19 years (1915-34) of occupation by U.S. Marines puts the dimensions and complexities of the problem in perspective.

Any efforts from outside to assist the country once described by a State Department researcher as "the moral, medical and political sewer of the hemisphere" should be made through the machinery of the Organization of American States, which already has three modest task forces functioning there with some effect.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

## International Opinion

### Peking and the Asians

As far as Asia is concerned, Peking's military advances place India and Japan in a position of inferiority; they are likely to compel the former to give up its anti-atomic doctrine, and the latter to either come to terms with Mao or to rearm with or without American aid.

The Sino-American thaw, if it is prolonged by foreign credits, will create a new situation because the Japanese pattern, however effective, implies many injustices, and the Indian way, however praiseworthy, proves to be a very slow process.

As far as Asia or the world balance are concerned, China's breakthrough already modifies the relations between the two superpowers, at a time when both the Amer-

ican empire and the Soviet bloc find themselves for the first time unable materially or politically to apply simultaneously a program of progress at home and a strategy of domination abroad. It is as if now permissible to believe that the rise of China will be hardly compatible with the keeping by the United States of all its zones of influence in the Pacific and in the whole Far East. Furthermore, while the Kremlin maintains its hostility to Mao, the White House wishes to improve its relations "with both the U.S.S.R. and China." Has President Nixon, careful to limit American concessions in the future redistribution of world power, remembered that England kept with profit and for long an equal balance between France and Germany?

—From *Le Monde* (Paris).

## In the International Edition

### Seventy-Five Years Ago

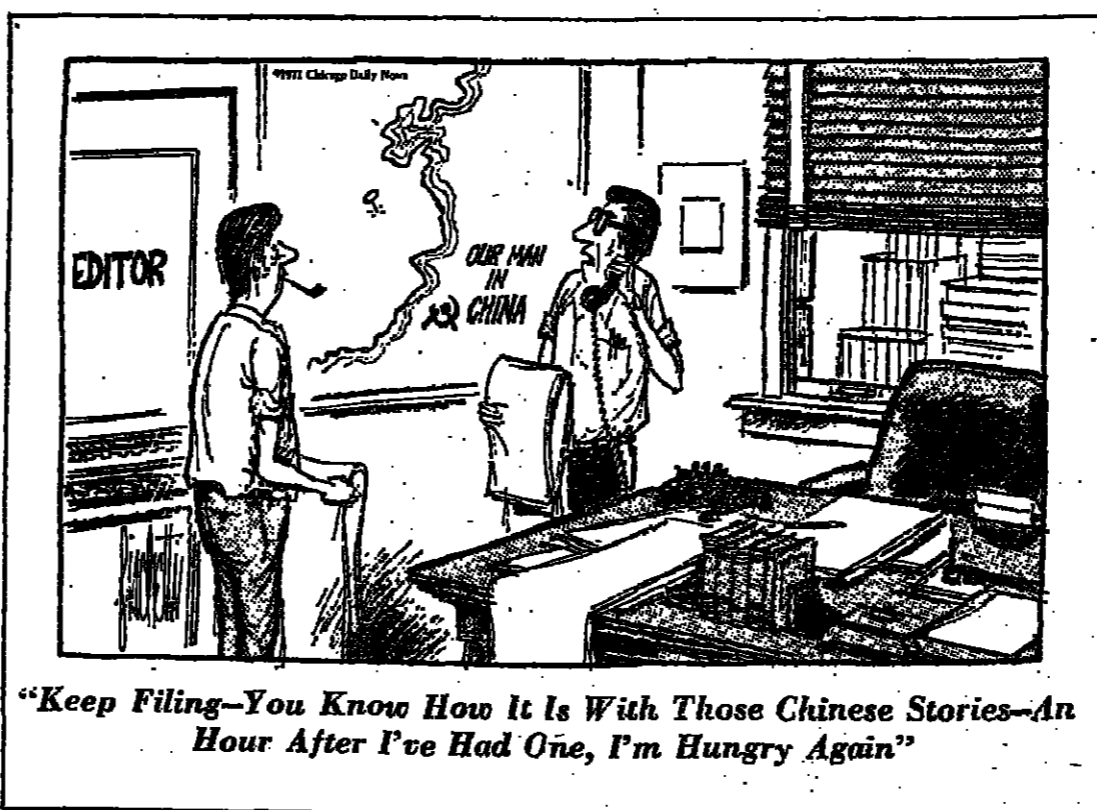
April 24, 1896

LONDON—Mr. Bayard, United States Ambassador, was the main speaker yesterday at the commemoration of Shakespeare's death at Stratford-on-Avon. The anniversary was observed with unusual ceremony, a feature of great interest, in addition to the customary observances on the occasion, being the unveiling in the parish church of a memorial window, the cost of which was defrayed by the gifts of American visitors to Shakespeare's native place.

### Fifty Years Ago

April 24, 1921

NEW YORK—Dr. J. Robinson, American publisher of Marie C. Stopes's book "Love in Marriage," was fined \$250 yesterday in Special Sessions Court on the ground that the book is obscene. The defendant put forward evidence to prove that the book is not immoral, including testimonials by Dr. W. R. Inge, Dean of St. Paul's Cathedral in London, Mr. George Bernard Shaw and Mr. H. G. Wells. The book was written in England. Miss Stopes is now in America.



## Lindsay and the Presidency

By James Reston

NEW YORK.—When the mayors of America's major cities visited New York this week, their visits were fairly obvious. First, they felt the crisis of the cities was the major threat to the security of the nation—more serious than Vietnam or anything else. Second, they felt that the bankruptcy and anarchy of the cities were underestimated by the people and by the state and federal governments. Third, they felt—in fact, they knew—that their campaigns for President Nixon's "revenue-sharing" and tax-reform programs were failing.

The plain reports of these mayors, when they got together, are devastating. They sound like communiqués from a battlefield. The economic problems, the racial problems, the security problems—the mayors are frustrated about all this and have no money or public support to deal with them. The mayors themselves dramatize the story. They are a remarkable company of men. Black or white, they are intelligent and tough, whether Democratic or Republican. They have moved beyond all the questions of race or party and are looking for power and leadership to deal with the urban problem.

The interesting thing about this is that the mayors of both parties who have been here in New York look to John Lindsay, the mayor of New York, as their spokesman; but Mayor Lindsay clearly does not think about himself as a possible presidential candidate who can deal with the problem.

He has often been regarded as the "Kennedy" of the Republican party, but he doesn't think about the 1972 presidential election in this way. He is fighting Rockefeller in Albany and President Nixon in Washington for money to deal with New York City's problems. He is saying that only federal money will solve the problems of the city. But he is also saying that he is not a candidate for the presidency in 1972.

This is a fundamental problem within Lindsay's own organization in New York City. His closest advisers are saying, as discreetly as they can, that the only way for him to be faithful to his opposition to President Nixon's policies is to challenge the President for the Republican party's nomination in 1972. Lindsay feels very strongly

about this. He has talked a great deal about it in private. He clearly feels that the cost of the war is too much and that it is dividing the country. Therefore he is arguing, at least in private, that it is fundamental that there be a change of administration if the country is to be united.

Nevertheless, Mayor Lindsay is to put it bluntly, very cynical about his chances of doing anything about the problem. He says the Republican party organization is against him—more against him now than last year. He rejects the idea of switching to the Democratic party, not only because the Democrats don't want him, but because he simply is against crossing party lines.

While the mayors have been here in New York, there has been a lot of talk about this in private. The mayors of both parties have been insisting to him—even pleading with him—that the problem of the cities can be dealt with at only the very pinnacle of national power and that he should try to seize it, but he has not been convinced.

Lindsay has been very frank about his political problems. He has been going around New York showing his fellow mayors the

problems of the city. He has been talking about the financial problem and the political problem, but in the end he has not been able to satisfy the mayors of the other cities. He has explained that he cannot leave New York to campaign in the primary. He disagrees with President Nixon about Vietnam—indeed, he has been very savage in his opposition—but he has said that no matter how he feels about the cities, the blacks, and the young, he is trapped by his present situation.

If the mayors have gone away from New York dispirited about the future.

They cannot deal with the problems of their budgets or of the race or of unemployment without help from the federal government.

They talk about revenue-sharing and came to New York to get the support of the press in support of the President's revenue-sharing proposals. But they realize that Chairman William Mills of the Ways and Means Committee is against it and that they will not be able to get the votes in Congress.

Consequently, Lindsay, unlike John F. Kennedy in 1960, is not prepared to challenge the party system, so the mayors have left New York in a state of depression about the outlook for the future.

## Letters

### The Also Watchers

In his column "The Gap Watchers," Joseph Alsop employs, among other specious arguments, the childish retorts of "you're another" and "forgive the cliché" to the point calling the kettle black. He admits political skulduggery as the currency of politicians. But Americans have a faith, a faith that Nixon shouldn't, couldn't, and will not destroy, that our President is a symbol of that which is finest in our wonderful country. Among other great traditions that our President represents are those of the integrity, the honesty, the freedom from transient passions that distort the truth of our Presidents.

Alsop accuses the media of presenting news to America that distorts the true facts of what is happening in Indochina. Surely

he must know that the news is mostly based on official handouts by the U.S. military information officers. Is Alsop suggesting that our President had regressed to the apologetics of the Sun King's assertion that "the king has been wrongly informed"? If Nixon's patently erroneous information upon which he has based his policy and actions is less than honest, he must bear the responsibility because his sources are either his own appointees or careerists whom he accepted upon his ascendancy.

Dr. DAVID S. LEFSON, Bucharest.

### Tomorrow the World?

Concerning the notice by Chalmers Roberts of a "new, grim struggle" between the U.S. and Russia (HTT, April 19):

The struggle looks anything but new to me, and not so much grim as ludicrous. Leaders who get their political stars in the 1950s head both countries; to give up their very own struggle would be to give up their political lives. Thus pronouncements such as Gen. Holloway's about Russia's having a timetable for "taking over the world" continue to belch forth.

Old policies and their advocates die natural deaths, thank God. The anti-Pentagon Gallup Poll that so worries the general, and perhaps Mr. Roberts, shows only that people are now worried more about who is going to throw out the first ball rather than the first bomb.

TOM BROSNAHAN, London.

### Jets in the Mideast

With reference to the article in the IET of April 22, "Egypt Demands U.S. Exploit Latest Jet Shipment to Israel": One can assume that the U.S. will provide an explanation for the shipment of 12 jet planes to Israel. However, Egypt takes it for granted that the Soviet Union can ship it 150 of the most advanced planes without having to justify this shipment. Of course, the Soviet Union could never dignify to give an explanation or justify any of its actions to Israel.

This is another example of the world's double standard toward Israel, as pointed out by Susan Beresford in her letter to the IET of April 15. However, Miss Beresford omitted one crucial point which the British air marshal, Sir

Gerald Gibbs, expressed in his recent letter to the Daily Telegraph: A strong Israel is in the interest of peace in the Middle East and, implicitly, in the West. Israel is the only stable and democratic country in this part of the world, and at least some barrier against Soviet penetration in the Mediterranean area.

(Mrs.) VIRGINIA BROWN, Paris.

### Sneezing

I enjoyed your article on sneezing (April 20). Perhaps your readers will be interested to know a simple way to hinder or postpone a sneeze: Simply press your tongue firmly up against your palate. This little trick may come in handy when driving in heavy traffic or at a party while flying for your handkerchief.

ROBERT L. HAITT, Bern.

### Capt. Daniel's Letter

With all due respect for Mr. Hidalgo's "3 1/2 decades" of membership in the legal profession, I must take issue with his vitriolic attack on Capt. Daniel, whose aptitude, I understand, is to have gained notoriety for stating his opinion on a case in which he was intimately involved. As another "fielding lawyer," I wonder if it is not Mr. Hidalgo who displays some lack of judgment in attacking Capt. Daniel for having presented what is indeed a "classic defense" and a commendable one of the cardinal values of the American legal system: one is fascinated by the ease with which lawyers such as Mr. Nixon and Mr. Mitchell abuse the spirit of the law for political expediency.

The Haynsworth and Carwell episodes, indistinguishable use of intelligence facilities, self-righteous interpretations of the Constitution and now this untimely intervention in the Calley case have done more damage to the idea of law and order, to use Nixonian terms, than all the well-publicized ranting and raving of extremists. Capt. Daniel stands for his country. Right.

PHILIPPE LEITE, Mentilly, France.

Handwritten text: 1971 APR 25

### In North as Well as South Senate Backs Uniform Policy On Desegregation of Schools

By Spencer Rich

WASHINGTON, April 23 (UPI).—The Senate, by a 44-to-34 roll call vote, declared its support yesterday for a uniform national policy of school desegregation. Sponsor John Stennis, D., Miss., said that the language would make it federal policy to enforce school desegregation equally in the North and the South, regardless of whether racial separation in a school district results from official policies or is merely the result of housing patterns.

#### Paralysis Feared

And a large bloc of civil-rights advocates voted against it. They declared that its actual effect, if it is eventually approved by the House, could be to paralyze efforts to desegregate Southern schools without actually enhancing Northern school desegregation at all.

Before adopting the Stennis amendment, the Senate by a 60-to-22 vote rejected an amendment by Sam J. Ervin Jr., D., N.C., to remove desegregation requirements from the \$1.5-billion measure and simply turn the money over to the states to use for any purpose in schools. He called his proposal a way of converting the anti-segregation bill into a revenue-sharing bill.

The Stennis amendment declares that "the policy of the United States" that various laws "shall be applied uniformly in all regions of the United States in dealing with conditions of segregation by race, whether de jure, or de facto, in the schools of the local educational agencies... without regard to the origin or cause of such segregation."

This language appears to mean that henceforth federal agencies shall enforce school integration requirements in Northern areas where there is a high degree of racial separation, even where it is the result of housing patterns and not of official state and local policies.

But the courts have never declared that kind of racial separation illegal. HEW has no criteria on which to act at present, and there is a specific provision of the 1964 Civil Rights Act which bars busing and other pupil-transfer schemes when employed simply for the purpose of racial balancing, in the absence of legally imposed segregation.

The Stennis amendment does not set aside the 1964 provision, nor does it spell out any criteria for attacking such de facto school segregation. To put the Stennis amendment into effect, aides to various senators said, Congress would have to legislate to set aside the 1964 restriction and spell out criteria for challenging de facto school segregation, or allow HEW to develop such criteria. Court challenges could then ensue.

### Chaban and Tito End Talks; to Tighten Ties

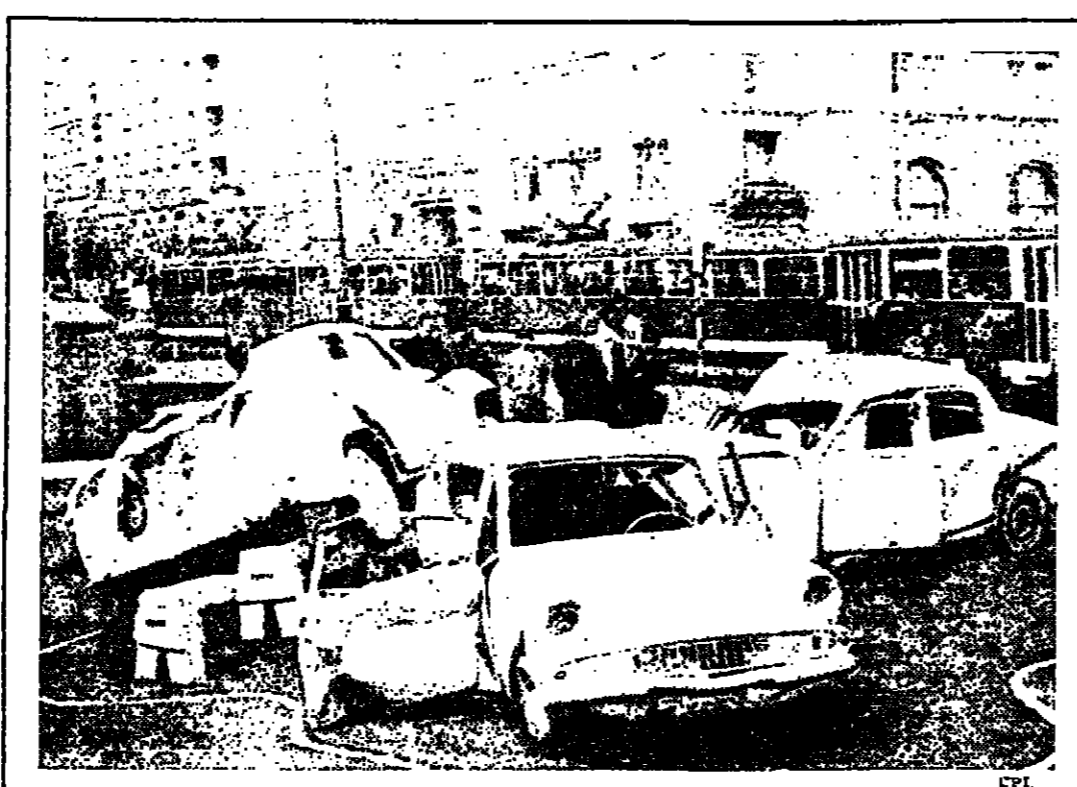
BELGRADE, April 23 (UPI).—Premier Jacques Chaban-Delmas and President Tito today wound up their talks in agreement that France and Yugoslavia should make further efforts to intensify bilateral cooperation in all fields.

"We agreed it is necessary to further develop our relations and strengthen cooperation in all fields, particularly economic cooperation," Mr. Chaban-Delmas told a news conference.

He also told police he was no longer demanding asylum in France for himself and his French-born wife, Simone, 34, and his daughters Monika and Christine, aged 4 and 8.

Mr. Mueller, now along in his sandbagged, shuttered flat on the second floor of a building which also houses the Austrian consulate, claimed to have 66 pounds of explosives and 100 gallons of gasoline with him. Dr. Kneissl confirmed that Mr. Mueller had explosives.

He had earlier threatened to blow up the house if his conditions for Dr. Kneissl's release were not met. But he finally removed the barricades in front of the door and let her out on his own initiative.



WARNING—Warsaw's Constitution Place displays cars wrecked in road accidents. The exhibit is part of a week-long drive to promote safety on the highways.

### Pentagon Urged by NAACP To Act on W. German Bias

By Robert D. McFadden

NEW YORK, April 23 (NYT).—The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People told the Defense Department yesterday that discrimination in housing had become "the most pervasive problem" confronting black American servicemen in West Germany.

The NAACP urged, among other measures, that the Pentagon immediately assume all leasing responsibility for off-base housing in West Germany, substituting units to servicemen who would thus be relieved of the burden of fighting landlord discrimination.

The recommendation was contained in a 55-page report compiled by a three-member NAACP investigating team that toured U.S. military bases in West Germany.

### Kidnapper Sets Woman Doctor Free

ZURICH, April 23 (Reuters).—A despairing Swiss sauna-bath owner today threatened to commit suicide in his dynamite-packed apartment after abruptly freeing the Austrian woman embassy official he had held hostage for three-and-a-half days.

Dr. Louise Kneissl, 58, head of the Austrian Social Service Bureau, stepped calmly out of the building at dawn and told a policeman, "I am Frau Doktor Kneissl."

She was whisked away in a police car to a secret destination for breakfast, followed by police questioning and a long rest after her ordeal.

Half an hour later her captor, Ferdinand Mueller, 48, telephoned the Neue Zuercher Zeitung newspaper from his barricaded flat and said he intended to kill himself, "because I know the new humiliations and torments which await me."

Drops Plea for Asylum  
He also told police he was no longer demanding asylum in France for himself and his French-born wife, Simone, 34, and his daughters Monika and Christine, aged 4 and 8.

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### \$180-Million Loss Laid to Paris Regime Slaughterhouse Cost Draws Fire of Senate

By James Goldsborough

PARIS, April 23.—The Senate has just published a report accusing the government of responsibility in the loss of \$180 million in what has become known as the La Villette slaughterhouse scandal.

The report, which comes after four months of Senate investigation, charges that errors of judgment and "irregularities" resulted in the huge loss. It asserts that "the reputation and the authority of the nation could not withstand a second La Villette affair."

The official report comes after months of rumors about the La Villette affair and the losses involved. Le Monde said today that the Senate investigating commission was the first one set up under the Fifth Republic, and went on to inquire if the government stability provided under the Fifth Republic has been accompanied by "good management and responsibility."

The report accuses the government of entering the project in order to build the most modern and prestigious slaughterhouses in the world. It states that the project—whose total cost would have been \$235 million—was far too large for the market and that the facilities already built, totaling \$180 million, will have to be destroyed.

Replacing Les Halles  
The new La Villette facilities, on the northern edge of Paris, were in part to absorb the meat market that used to be located in Les Halles, the old Paris produce center now being torn down.

Giant electronically controlled production lines were built that could never be amortized, states the report. Workers were contracted to be paid at a fixed percentage of total cost, encouraging high costs, it goes on. Slaughter facilities were built on the second floor with no access for the animals, it adds.

The investigating commission, which included several Gaullists, refused to name any names, but indicated clearly that it was "the government" and the "ministers in charge" who should be held to account.

"It is for the government to look for the responsibilities or the human errors and to verify a posteriori that which is not explained by the mass of documents and testimonies," it stated.

### U.S. Factory Bombed

ISTANBUL, April 23 (AP).—A dynamite bomb exploded at the quarters of American personnel of the Goodyear Tire factory near Izmit, in western Turkey, yesterday, causing slight damage but no injuries, police reported.

The report said black servicemen were denied housing and gouged by many landlords in each of nine cities visited by the investigators, where housing shortages also were found to be acute.

In the Heidelberg area, the report said, Army housing investigators had found that more than 85 percent of the landlords listed with the Army's family housing offices discriminated on a racial basis.

Another common complaint among the hundreds of enlisted men and officers interviewed, the report said, was that while servicemen found housing near their bases, while blacks were forced to accept accommodations up to 30 miles away.

Report Downgraded  
WORMS, West Germany, April 23 (AP).—Reports of racial discrimination against black American soldiers by West German landlords are "grossly blown out of proportion," U.S. Army spokesman said today.

### To Help Tiger, Vicuna, Bear: Wildlife Fund's \$1.3 Million

MORGES, Switzerland, April 23 (Reuters).—The World Wildlife Fund yesterday announced a \$1,323,288 program for 1971 to help save the world's wild animals, plants and birds, threatened by slaughter, over-exploitation and pollution.

High on the list of 98 projects are plans to save the tiger, the Indian rhinoceros, the giant sea turtle and the vicuna, all endangered by man's encroachment.

In Africa funds will go to help save the mountain gorilla in Rwanda, to expand the sanctuary area for flamingoes around Lake Nakuru in Kenya, to protect the addax in the western Sahara and the jackass penguin in South Africa, and to help national parks in Ethiopia and Madagascar.

In Asia the program provides for the protection of rhinoceros against poaching, a study of the vanishing tiger, a sanctuary for the rare snow leopard, a breeding scheme for swamp deer and the establishment of a snake farm.

In South America World Wildlife will support three key projects to save the vicuna, including the training of local people to exploit its fine wool by shearing instead of slaughter. The fund will help finance a meeting of experts from Canada, Norway, Greenland and the United States on ways to save the polar bear, already threatened by hunters for sport.

In Oslo, today, the Norwegian government banned any activities, except for inspection purposes, on King Karl's Land, in the Spitzbergen archipelago, one of the main areas of hibernation for the bears.

The ban, in force for three years initially, stops oil prospecting in the area. Hunting bears there was banned in 1939, but nature lovers and scientists have argued that the bear's environment should also be protected.

### Illinois Raids Seize Caches Of Explosives

CARBONDALE, Ill., April 23 (Reuters).—Police have seized caches of dynamite, plastic explosives, arms and drugs in a series of raids across southern Illinois. Forty-three persons were arrested in the raids.

A total of 144 state, federal and municipal police raided ten communities yesterday and said they believed some of the weapons were destined for the racially-troubled Illinois town of Cairo.

The haul included 800 pounds of dynamite, 60 pounds of plastic explosives, 12 rifles, ten hand guns, a submachine gun, a bazooka, 250 blasting caps and primer cord, 1,000 rounds of ammunition and large quantities of cocaine, heroin, LSD and marijuana.

Mitchell Ware, superintendent of the Illinois Bureau of Investigation, who led the raids, said he had received information that many weapons and explosives were destined for both black and white factions in Cairo.

2 Years of Confrontation  
Cairo has experienced numerous shootings and firebombings in a two-year black-white confrontation.

Militant Negroes have boycotted white Cairo merchants to support demands that include more jobs for blacks and a black police chief. The Cairo racial split deepened this week when three men backed by white citizens' groups were elected to the city council. The United Front charged the election result foreboded "increased oppression of blacks."

### Time to Tell Cop From Pig

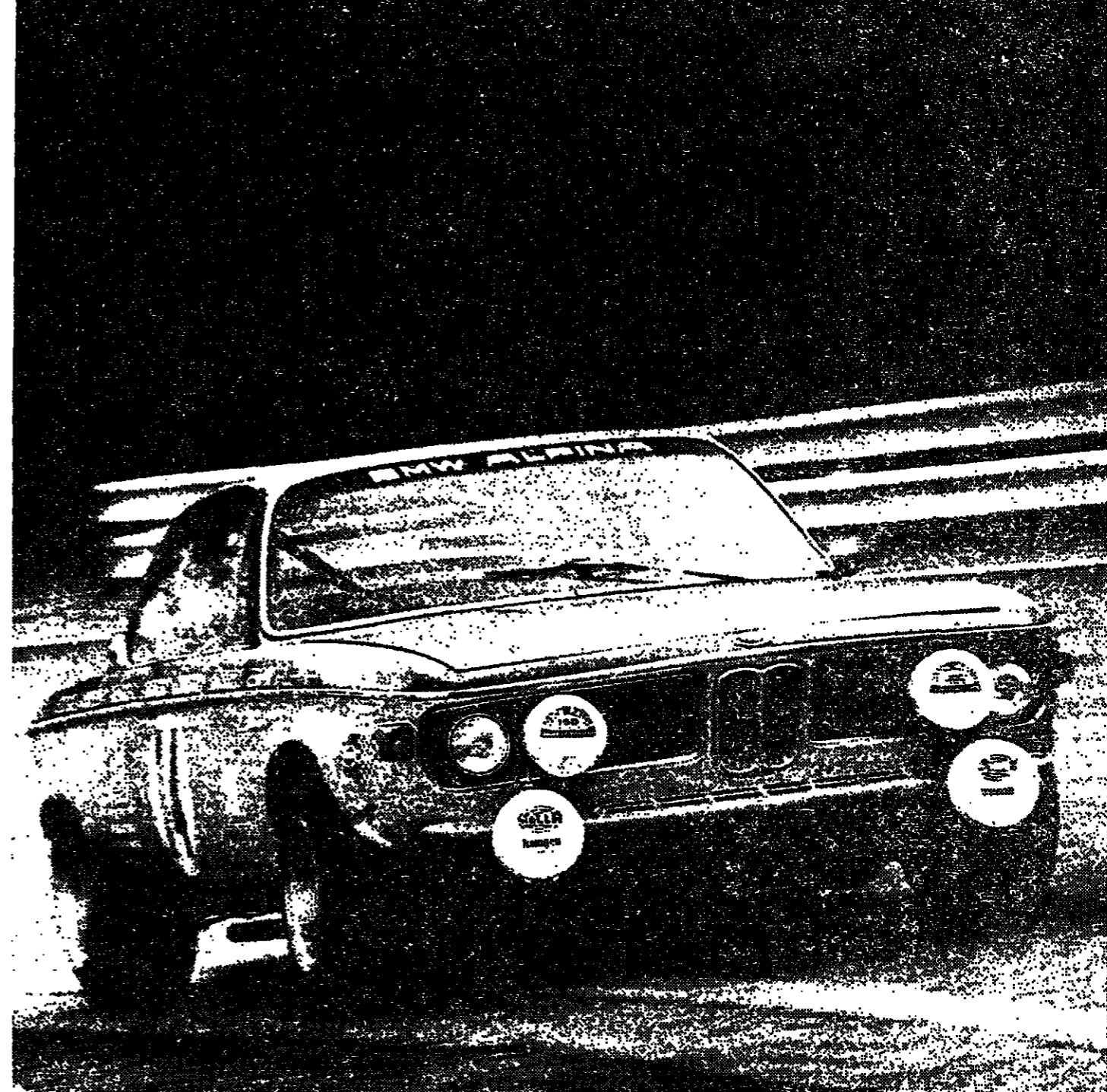
CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 23 (Reuters).—A judge here has sentenced 19-year-old Robert Vitke to three hours in a pig pen to help him tell the difference between a pig and a policeman.

The judge fined him \$500 and sentenced him to 30 days in jail. He suspended \$400 of the fine and the 30-day jail sentence on condition that Mr. Vitke spend some time in a pig pen.

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THEATER

Weiss in Essen

By Betty Falkenberg
ESSEN, Germany.—Peter Weiss had to wait 20 years before his first play, "Die Versicherung," (The Insurance Policy) could be tried on the stage.

and real gut fury. Neuenfels forfeits both.
"Die Versicherung" is about a chief of police who wants to get himself insured against every eventuality and catastrophe.



Scene from "Die Versicherung" by Peter Weiss.

Interacts all the guests at the home of the chief of police—our living-room, both bedroom and bedlam—and subjects them to experiments not just vaguely reminiscent of Auschwitz.

While far more horrors are perpetrated on the stage than are actually called for in the text, there is none of the sense of horror one gets from a reading. Impending catastrophe is reduced to a dirty joke.

True, "Die Versicherung" con-

tains little of the verbal esprit that was to make "Marat/Sade" so stunning, but even there, Weiss's dialogue was never quite as brilliant as it seemed. Acted, he is always better than read. In fact, he seems to require fantastic stagings to bring out the weird force of his visions, but this is a case of overkill. Worse yet, Neuenfels has transformed the lurid fantasy into porno teasings, getting in every sexual gimmick on the market.

The set, by Wilfried Minks, is like a huge marble funeral parlor. Black and white predominate, with neon lights running ruthlessly around the dark walls. A silk backdrop, possibly a Beardsley, alternates with curtains dipped tastefully in blood, like the hands of the vivisectionist. Played by Peter Danzelsen with quivering lust and intensity, this role of the vampire doctor is by far the most rewarding.

Food for thought: Take away the tinsel and it may be just these early visions of terror for which Peter Weiss will be remembered. While waiting for his new play, "Hölderlin," at least one can speculate.

James Saunders at an English Festival

By John Walker
LONDON, April 23.—James Saunders is one of Britain's most considerable playwrights but he has not written a considerable play for a long time, not since "The Scent of Flowers," a gentle, moving study of the aftermath of a suicide. That was in 1964.

Now, Mr. Saunders offers us two miraculous new plays, adventurous and experimental, different in style from his past work, where the inspiration was somewhat literary. He has found a new commitment to a different kind of theater, to an art that is concerned to serve an urgent social function, that is radical and political.

It is an unexpected benison, resulting from his collaboration with people a generation younger than himself, members of The Other Company, the experimental group that forms part of Ed Berman's communal arts organization Inter-Action. The two plays, "Games After Liverpool," were written after Mr. Saunders watched a performance of "The Pit," a participation between actors and audience, in Liverpool.

The first half of Mr. Saunders' double bill is about the games people play, the failure of relationships, the inadequacy of communication. Caged within steel scaffolding, framed as if in a Bacon painting, two men and two girls define a solipsistic universe. They act out a series of bleak dialogues, a sort of low-key version of "Who's Afraid of Virginia Woolf?"

The situations are both funny and painful. I defy any couple to watch it and not recognize their own desperate maneuvers against each other. "What else is there to say?" asks the man. "We'll find something," answers the girl.

At the end, Robert Walker movingly delivers a long story of a blind man he used to see being guided along the street by a wo-

'He has found a new commitment to a different kind of a theater.'

man. They would pass by, deep in conversation. Now, the man walks alone, using a machine, an echo device, to find his way. It is, in its melancholy way, as fine as anything Mr. Saunders has written.

Second Play

The second play begins as a workshop exercise, a jumble of words which gradually form, with sudden clarity, into a Reuters report from the trial of Lt. Col. Jay of the evidence of a soldier who explained that he shot mothers and children because he was frightened that the babies might have been boobytrapped. It is a method that effectively breaks down the barrier to feeling the impact of the words. ("But that was in another country, and besides the wench is dead.")

The actors think so, too. They congratulate themselves on their performance. They like it so well they decide to do it again. They re-enact the court room scene, become dissatisfied with their interpretation of reality and begin to alter it to bring out the real truth.

The audience is plunged into a maze of disturbing mirrors, of unreal oppositions: Theater life, illusion, reality. But Mr. Saunders goes further. He is not just concerned about the relationship of the theater to society, but the function of art, and the responsibility of the artist.

If an actor is committed to social change, revolutionary progress, should he be in the theater at all? Should he be in the streets, manning the barricades? One actor, indeed, makes this point in a fervent speech. In the silence that follows his tirade, another points out that he delivered his part rather well, but that he cut his best line.

Mr. Saunders is not content to tease with this interplay between the actors' true and imagined personalities and their performance. He wants to involve the audience, too. He even leaves a little space in the middle of the play so that we can add a contribution of our own. It doesn't work, because it is impossible to alter the momentum of the play, to say anything pertinent to which I suspect is precisely the effect Mr. Saunders wanted to achieve.

At the end, you feel you know the actors as people, as individuals rather than as performers. They, too, treat the audience as familiar friends. They are able to step off their clothes without any embarrassment or exhibitionism, but simply as a natural act.

Their success runs counter to the themes of the play, for they obviously form a community. Mr. Saunders owes a debt, as we do, to the dedication of the actor—Jane Bond, Judy Monahan, Andrew Norton, Robert Walker—and their director, Naftali Sayin.

Regrettably, the plays are not now on show. They could be glimpsed briefly earlier this week as part of the Camden Festival. But I cannot believe that such stimulating theater will be allowed to languish unseen for long. Mr. Saunders and The Other Company deserve, demand, a wider audience.

At the Camden Festival, too, Inter-Action's lunch-hour theater presented Mr. Saunders' short "Savoy Morning," directed by Ed Berman, with an excellent tough performance by Prunella Scales as a hardened vaudeville trouper who finds herself abandoned by the author in mid-play. Deliberately eclectic, with echoes of most modern play-

wrights, it was often funny. "One at Night," by Denis Mack, at the Royal Court, was held in the vice-like grip of a sadist. But it is difficult to write a satisfactory play about an author who can't write a play. Mr. Saunders seemed to be writing in accordance with another of his character's wishes: "I'll keep on talking long enough something will come out of it. Nothing much did."

Other new plays in London: "One at Night," by Denis Mack, at the Royal Court, was held in the vice-like grip of a sadist. But it is difficult to write a satisfactory play about an author who can't write a play. Mr. Saunders seemed to be writing in accordance with another of his character's wishes: "I'll keep on talking long enough something will come out of it. Nothing much did."

Arts Agenda

Forty-five young violinists from 22 countries, with seven Americans the largest contingent from any single country, are entered in this year's Queen Elisabeth of Belgium International Music Competition, which begins on April 27. Preliminary competition lasts until April 30, followed by a second round to reduce the competitors to a dozen finalists, who will perform in the final round May 3-7. The winners will perform at a series of concerts beginning May 27 and ending with a gala concert of the top three prize winners June 4.

The Théâtre du Nouveau Monde of Montreal will give performances of Molière's "Tartuffe" staged by J.J. Roux, and "Le Quatre, Vos Sir," based on a novel by the French-Canadian author Roch Carrier, staged by Albert Hamelin, on May 7 and 8 respectively at the Théâtre de la Musique in Paris.

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مكتبات اخرى

The Art Market Things Will Never Be the Same Again

By Souren Melikian PARIS, April 23.—For the past few years, European professionals have been wondering what will emerge from the tremendous shakeup of the market. Now something has happened.

The Capital

When asked about the capital needed to build the French branch, Simon Karoff, vice-president of Wally F. Findlay Galleries, said that the company has been public for two years.

World Scale

Selling art now apparently requires huge means tapping sources on a world scale. Findlay appears to have solved this problem, and it is reappraised commercial methods.

Bohemia Gives Way to Black Tie

By Hebe Dorsey PARIS, April 23.—Black-tie parties are rare enough in Paris but a black-tie party in an art gallery is unheard of.

From America... of Americans, mainly from New York, had flown in to see the good luck to Wally Findlay.



Renoir portrait of J.C. Prat as a baby is among works owned by Findlay Gallery.

great artists of the future. But it does not content itself with finding artists. The firm's sales methods deserve careful study.

Three Others

Mrs. Karoff says that the gallery's opening should give a boost to the whole trade and attract more people to the area. She points out that since construction work began at 2 Avenue Matignon, three other galleries have opened within a hundred yards.

Around the European Galleries

PARIS

Nadia Léger, Centre d'Art International, 99 Boulevard Raspail, Paris 6e, to May 10. Nadia Khodosovitch, the child of a peasant family near Vitebsk, was 15 years old when she met Malévitch and studied under him.

ROME

Tapies. Collezioneista, 36, Via Gregoriana, Rome, to May 15. In his recent works (1967-1970), on view at Collezioneista, Tapies has achieved something extraordinary.

entrance charge of 10 francs—3 francs for French and students—goes to a French charity. The jewels reflect Dalí's interest in plus luxury. They are made with flawless craftsmanship and very well displayed.

MADRID

Robert Smith, Galeria Vandrés, 28 Don Ramón de la Cruz, Madrid, through April. Imagination and delicacy mark the work of this 24-year-old American painter.

most nothing there!" an astonished visitor to the gallery exclaimed. "He's painting nothing, he only makes signs—but how beautiful!"

BERLIN

3. Internationale Frühjahrsmesse Berliner Galerien 1971. April 23-24, 25. Akademie der Künste, Hansatanenweg 10.

eran were made of ragged, often lacy bands, some stained with large marks like overcast paints of lips or other parts of the body, all arranged tastefully side by side vertically.

LONDON

LONDON ARTS GALLERY, 23 New Bond St., W. 1. April 1st-May 1st. Ilya Bolotowsky, paintings & graphics.

painting on wood construction—blue flowers floating from gray flowers, clouds, a cutout of a heart emerging from a magic box—are all outlined by a thin silver line.

ROME

MARLBOROUGH FINE ART, 39 Old Bond Street, W. 1. IMPORTANT DRAWINGS, WATER-COLOURS & GRAPHICS OF THE 19th & 20th centuries.

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1971 - Stocks and Bonds

Large table of 1971 stock and bond market data, including prices, yields, and volume for various securities.



Banks Agree To Financing For Lockheed

Vote of Confidence Keeps TriStar Alive

WASHINGTON, April 23 (Reuters)—In an important vote of confidence, Lockheed's 24 banks have agreed to lend \$50 million more in "interim financing" for the company's threatened TriStar aircraft, informed sources said today.

The new financing—the first since the British engine supplier, Rolls-Royce, went into receivership—will assure the program's financial solvency while Lockheed negotiates final contract terms with its airline customers.

Lockheed Confirms Report In Burbank, Calif., Lockheed officials confirmed that the company has an agreement with its banks for "interim" financing. They said they expect arrangements to be made definite within the next few days.

Lockheed and Rolls-Royce recently announced a tentative agreement, under which Lockheed will reportedly pay approximately \$180,000 more than the originally contracted \$60,000 for each of the aircraft's three engines.

This agreement's terms are now being negotiated with the airlines. Sources estimate that Lockheed will ultimately need an additional \$300 to \$350 million for the program. This amount would be in addition to a previous \$350 million loaned to the firm by the bank consortium.

The new financing will also permit time for negotiation of a new type of U.S. government guarantee of the TriStar, which the British government is demanding in return for its investment of an additional \$290 million needed to continue engine development.



Baron Rodolphe Hottinguer

ICC Elects A New Chief

VIENNA, April 23 (AP)—Baron Rodolphe Hottinguer was elected today as president of the International Chamber of Commerce, which concluded its work-long 23d congress here.

Mr. Hottinguer, president of the French national committee, replaces Bharat Ram of India.

The businessmen's congress pledged to lobby for government action suppressing protectionist trends and agreed on a worldwide anti-pollution campaign.

Declines at Hoogovens, Air France ARBED Earnings Gain 21% Olivetti Back in the Black

LUXEMBOURG, April 23 (Reuters)—The iron and steel firm ARBED—Acieries Réunies de Burbach-Eich-Dudange—today reported a profit gain of 21 percent for 1970, but predicted a considerable setback for 1971 in view of the first-quarter results.

Net profits rose to 1.99 billion francs (\$299.2 million) in 1970 from 1.85 billion francs in 1969, while turnover increased 26 percent to 36.5 billion francs from 29 billion.

President Tony Neuman said that crude steel production in the first quarter fell to 1.42 million tons from 1.6 million. Price levels are also below last year's, Mr. Neuman said. But he gave no profit figures for the quarter.

Olivetti Announces Gain IVREA, Italy, April 23 (AP)—Parent company net profits of 645 billion lire (\$103 million) in 1970—compared to a 1969 loss of 770 billion lire—were announced today by Olivetti.

Though no profit figures for the entire group were reported, the office equipment manufacturer revealed sales gains for both the parent and the group. Group sales rose 17.2 percent in 455.1 billion lire, while parent sales

increased 42.7 percent to 230.2 billion lire.

Profits Down at Hoogovens LAMUIJEN, The Netherlands, April 23 (AP)—Koninklijke Nederlandse Hoogovens en Staalfabrieken said today its earnings for the 1971 first quarter declined 37 percent from the year-earlier level of 379 million guilders (\$104.6 million).

Air France Net Plummeted PARIS, April 23 (AP)—Citing the depreciation costs on its four Boeing-747s, Air France today reported a 92 percent decline in its 1970 profits—to 2 million francs (\$300,000) from 25 million francs in 1969.

Revenues for the year rose 22 percent to 3.2 billion francs, and passenger traffic gained 94 percent to 0.14 million persons.

Profit Gains in U.S. First Since '69

NEW YORK, April 23 (AP)—U.S. corporate profits rebounded in the first quarter from the 1970 pace, the first year-to-year increase since mid-1969. First National City Bank said yesterday.

A preliminary tabulation of the reports of 685 firms, Citibank said, showed a 4 percent gain from the year-earlier level.

That increase, the bank said, does not include results of General Motors, which has yet to report first-quarter figures. "The swing in GM's profit from the strike-bound fourth quarter to the all-out production of recent months is expected to dominate the first-quarter profit comparisons," and make the results look even better, said the bank.

Improvement Widespread It also noted that a number of other large companies have not reported first-quarter results. Even so, it said, "the way in which profits are bouncing back reflects both the recovery in business activity and the results of strenuous cost-cutting by many organizations."

According to its tally, the "improvement was widespread" with 56 percent of the corporations in the count posting higher earnings than a year before.

Among 515 manufacturers surveyed, 53 percent had improved earnings from the 1970 first quarter and, after adjustment for seasonal variations, from the fourth quarter of last year. In 1970's final period, only 40 percent posted gains from the prior quarter.

Without seasonal adjustments, the bank computed that first-quarter earnings of the 685 corporations fell 4 percent from the final 1970 quarter and earnings of the 515 manufacturers fell 6 percent.

The bank cautioned that "comparisons with the fourth quarter are still risky because of the absence of reports from a number of large firms." But it ventured that preliminary indications are that the fall in manufacturers' profits was definitely less than seasonal.

It said its index of first-quarter factory profit is expected to recover "a substantial share, but by no means all, of the 19 percent it dropped during the 1969-70 recession."

Prices Score Sharp Gains On Big Board

NEW YORK, April 23—Prices on the New York Stock Exchange posted their largest advances of any recent sessions in active trading today.

The Dow Jones industrial average closed at 947.79, up 7.16. Volume rose to 20.15 million shares from yesterday's 18.27 million.

Gainers outdistanced losers by 783-to-563, with 305 issues unchanged.

Brokers said that part of the softness early in the session was due to the rise in the prime rate, first announced by Chase Manhattan yesterday after the market closed. However, analysts said before the market opened today that the cut would not affect continuing profit-taking.

Glamour issues led the rebound today. Memorex, Telex, University Computing and Xerox all gained. Control Data, which rose 8 yesterday, closed today at 75 1/4, up 3 1/4.

American Research & Development and Fairchild Camera rose sharply. Bausch & Lomb, which yesterday rose 6 3/4, closed at 102 today, up 1 1/4. The issue has been strong since early April following U. S. approval of the firm's soft contact lens.

Computer issues also showed sharp gains. Honeywell closed at 103 3/4, up 4 1/8. IBM National Cash Register and Burroughs all gained. National Cash Register was on the most active list.

Texas Instruments, a leading maker of semiconductor products, traded as high as 117 3/4 before finishing with a 12 1/8 gain.

Texas Gulf Suburban, casing 3 8 to 21 3/8, stood at the top of the active list.

Airline issues, which gained yesterday in active trading, were weak during most of the session. Pan American Airways and TWA fell. KAL closed at 62, up 3 8.

Among aerospace issues, which were generally strong, McDonnell Douglas rose 1 1/2 to 36 1/2. Lockheed closed unchanged despite the announcement that interim funds are forthcoming.

Among gainers were United Aircraft, Boeing, General Dynamics and North American Rockwell.

Chrysler led the auto issues, adding 1 1/8 to 32. The company reported higher sales for the second ten days of April.

General Motors reported lower sales for the period, but still added 1/8 to 87 3/4. Ford, which also reported lower sales, remained unchanged at 64.

American Telephone, one of the session's most actively traded issues, dropped 1 1/2 to 49 1/8. On the American Stock Exchange, prices closed slightly higher in moderately active trading. Volume was about 5.7 million shares.

Syntex, which said it expects sharply higher fiscal 1971 earnings, gained 3 4 to 60 1/2.

Gold Stock in U.S. Declines

WASHINGTON, April 23 (AP)—The U.S. gold stock fell \$76 million in March, following a \$1 million decline in February, the Treasury said today.

This was the fifth consecutive monthly decline and the sharpest since the \$406 million decrease in December, 1970.

The gold stock dropped to \$10.903 billion from February's \$11.039 billion and the year-earlier \$11.903 billion.

U.S. international reserve assets fell to \$14,342 billion from \$14,339 billion a month earlier and \$17,359 billion a year ago.

Holdings of Special Drawing Rights dropped to \$1,443 billion from \$1,468 billion in February.

Fed Keeps Up Credit Ease

By Robert D. Hershey Jr.

NEW YORK, April 23 (NYT)—Federal Reserve credit continued to expand at a rapid rate during the two-week period ended Wednesday, banking data published today indicated.

There appeared little evidence as yet that the money managers have begun to pull back from what many regard as a situation in which they "overshot" target levels during the last few months.

A number of important monetary aggregates, including the money base—the high-powered money that largely determines the total money supply—continue to reach new gains, particularly as computed by the St. Louis Fed, the base climbed by an annual rate of 10.1 percent in the latest two months. This compares with a 9.8 percent rate of gain over three months, 9.6 since late November and 8.4 since late August.

The narrowly defined money supply, currency in circulation plus interest checking accounts—averaged \$22.4 billion in the week ended April 14, up from \$22.1 billion for the four weeks ended that day and from \$21.3 billion for the month ended March 17. Data on the annual rate of change were not available this week.

Short-term interest rates climbed for the most part in the period ended Wednesday, particularly the rate for negotiable certificates of deposit (CDs). The three-month CD rate rose to an average of 4.48 from 4.13 in the preceding week.

Chase Manhattan Bank presumably had this increase in mind when deciding late yesterday to raise its prime lending rate because of higher money costs.

Today, First National City Bank, First Pennsylvania, Manufacturers Hanover and Bank of New York, among others, announced similar quarter-point increases in their prime rates to the 5 1/2 level set by Chase yesterday.

Share Prices Soar To '71 High in U.K.

LONDON, April 23 (Reuters)—A new buying boom was being forecast by market sources here today after share prices suddenly soared to their highest level this year.

Heavy buying pushed up prices and when trading ended The Financial Times index, the guide to market trends, had risen 5.5 to 383.3 points. Only seven weeks ago the index was skating perilously near the 300 level.

Microdot First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 45.4 39.8 Profits (millions) 1.73 1.34 Per Share (Diluted) 0.39 0.31

Phelps Dodge First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 28.2 22.9 Profits (millions) 1.40 1.63

Procter & Gamble Six Months 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 2,378.8 2,214.5 Profits (millions) 195.37 172.52 Per Share (Diluted) 2.39 2.12

Rheingold First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 48.1 45.4 Profits (millions) 0.28 0.51 Per Share (Diluted) 0.09 0.16

Associated Transport First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 20.9 27.5 Profits (millions) 0.24 0.24 Per Share 0.02 0.02

Brookway Glass First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 47.33 44.56 Profits (millions) 3.08 2.26 Per Share 0.83 0.67

Coit Industries First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 172.4 174.9 Profits (millions) 3.95 4.98 Per Share 0.44 0.61

Cyclops First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 86.89 60.82 Profits (millions) 1.33 1.07 Per Share 0.37 0.45

Dun & Bradstreet First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 77.02 72.2 Profits (millions) 5.8 5.3 Per Share 0.35 0.51

Emhart First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 56.5 58.96 Profits (millions) 2.53 1.66 Per Share 0.53 0.22

Engelhard Minerals & Chemicals First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 5.59 7.57 Profits (millions) 0.19 0.27

Flying Tiger First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 40.5 24.0 Profits (millions) 2.35 0.72 Per Share 0.31 0.14

Houdaille Industries First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 43.07 44.94 Profits (millions) 0.35 0.33 Per Share 0.03 0.03

Ingersoll-Rand First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 105.2 179.5 Profits (millions) 15.3 16.9 Per Share 0.90 1.00

Microlite First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 45.4 39.8 Profits (millions) 1.73 1.34 Per Share (Diluted) 0.39 0.31

Phelps Dodge First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 28.2 22.9 Profits (millions) 1.40 1.63

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Income Climbs 17% at Standard Oil N.J.

NEW YORK, April 23—First-quarter profits rose 17 percent, Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey said today, while sales rose 15 percent.

Net income rose to \$374 million, or \$1.67 a share, on sales of \$3.18 billion, from the year-ago quarter's \$319 million, or \$1.47 a share, on revenues of \$4.3 billion.

The chart of firm noted that last year's figures were restated to reflect a Venezuelan tax increase which reduced earnings by \$6 million, or 3 cents a share.

McDonnell Douglas ST. LOUIS, April 23 (Reuters)—McDonnell Douglas Corp.'s profits dropped 27 percent in the first quarter on a 16 percent fall in sales, the aircraft manufacturer reported today.

First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 504.9 601.3 Profits (millions) 18.82 25.22 Per Share (Diluted) 0.64 0.87

See Line RY. First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 28.8 16.1 Profits (millions) 1.77 1.11 Per Share 1.40 0.83

Slauffer Chemical First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 130.8 130.43 Profits (millions) 8.27 8.0 Per Share 0.83 0.80

Texas Gulf Sulphur First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 42.8 34.1 Profits (millions) 5.98 13.82 Per Share 0.20 0.43

Texas Instruments First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 190.9 221.7 Profits (millions) 8.2 8.1 Per Share 0.74 0.73

Trans Union First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 56.05 58.36 Profits (millions) 3.82 4.21 Per Share 0.69 0.76

Triangle First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 6.42 5.87 Profits (millions) 0.27 0.24 Per Share 0.27 0.24

U.S. Gypsum First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 112.6 103.0 Profits (millions) 5.01 5.26 Per Share 0.51 0.54

Va. Electric & Power First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 97.15 92.51 Profits (millions) 17.12 16.83 Per Share 0.47 0.48

Wachovia First Quarter 1971 1970 Oper. Net Income 7.42 6.2 Per Share 1.03 0.87 Net after Securities 7.93 6.52 Per Share 1.10 0.92

Waitegreen First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 163.1 169.0 Profits (millions) 0.79 0.44 Per Share 0.13 0.07

Warner Swasey First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 414.3 370.9 Profits (millions) 5.98 4.62 Per Share 0.92 0.73

White Chemical First Quarter 1971 1970 Revenue (millions) 63.3 58.2 Profits (millions) 2.11 2.55 Per Share 0.38 0.44 Per Share (Diluted) 0.36 0.48

Wall Streeter Calls for End Of Surcharge

NEW YORK, April 23 (NYT)—Donald T. Regan, chairman of Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith, has called for the elimination of the 515 commission surcharge on stock transactions that has been in effect on Wall Street for more than a year.

Mr. Regan's position on the issue appeared to conflict with the policy of the New York Stock Exchange, of which Merrill Lynch is the largest member. The exchange indicated last week that the surcharge still was responsible for the bulk of the profits of a number of brokerage firms.

The surcharge was adopted last year, with the approval of the Securities & Exchange Commission, as a means of temporary rate relief for the brokerage community, which was experiencing heavy losses from slow trading volume and declining markets.

"That surcharge has meant tens of millions to Merrill Lynch," Mr. Regan said. "Despite my respect for such a sum of money, I call now for the end to that service charge."

Rep. John Mass. D. Calif., has asked the SEC either to justify the surcharge or eliminate it, and small-investor groups have made the same request, noting that the surcharge was implemented when the industry's condition was much worse than it is today. Trading volume reached historic highs in the first quarter.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Large Siberian Oil Find Reported

An oil deposit, rated as "a big one," has been discovered in Siberia, according to the official Soviet news agency Tass. The strike is reportedly 60 miles from the main line of the Trans-Siberian railroad in the southern part of western Siberia.

U.S. Euro-Issue Oversubscribed

More than 40 U.S. commercial banks, through their overseas branches, have oversubscribed the \$1 billion refinancing of Eurodollar notes issued by the U.S. Export-Import Bank, the agency said. Offers totaling about \$1.5 billion were received for the issue, which carries 6 percent annual interest and matures in late July.

Canadian Firm to Control Home Oil

Consumers Gas, a Toronto-based natural gas distributor, has agreed to buy a controlling interest in Home Oil, the largest Canadian-owned oil company. The agreement clinaxes the government's efforts to keep Home Oil in Canadian hands.

Senate to Investigate Wall Street

A U.S. Senate study of the stock market, to begin in the next few weeks, will probably culminate in legislation altering Wall Street practices. Sen. Harrison Williams, D., N.J., chairman of the Senate securities subcommittee, which will conduct the two-year study, said it is too early to forecast exact proposals.

Dresdner Takes Over 4 Mortgage Banks

FRANKFURT, April 23 (AP)—Dresdner Bank has won control over four major West German mortgage banks with a rearrangement in the mortgage banking sector among Germany's three largest commercial banks, Deutsche Bank, Commerzbank and Dresdner Bank.

The four banks in which Dresdner is assured of a majority interest are Deutsche Hypothekbank of Bremen, Hypothekbank in Hamburg, Pfälzerische Hypothekbank of Ludwigshafen and Saechsische Bodenkreditanstalt of Berlin-Frankfurt.

The move seems part of an effort by the major commercial banks to strengthen their position in the mortgage business, which under German regulations, they cannot directly engage in.

Mr. Ponto also reported that Dresdner sold its more than 25 percent interest in Westdeutsche Bodenkreditanstalt (Westboden) of Cologne and its 10 percent interest in Deutsche Centralbodenkredit of Berlin-Cologne in a reshuffle of mortgage bank interests among the big three commercial banks.

Deutsche Bank had previously said it held a majority interest in Rheinische Hypothekbank of Mannheim, while Deutsche Bank gained control of Frankfurter Hypothekbank.

Commerzbank also said it sold its more than 25 percent interest in Deutsche Hypothekbank and in Saechsische Bodenkreditanstalt to Dresdner.

bank in Hamburg, Pfälzerische Hypothekbank of Ludwigshafen and Saechsische Bodenkreditanstalt of Berlin-Frankfurt.

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Greater future income can be the goal of a \$5,000 portfolio placed under management now

If the money you have today is to grow in the future toward more income, or for education, travel, leisure, retirement, it must be kept working full time to achieve your goals.

Yet you may find that you are actually losing ground due to inflation, taxes or lack of time for investment decisions.

To help solve this problem, clients in 55 countries have turned to The Danforth Associates Investment Management Plan. It has, we believe, proved especially efficient in providing continuing capital growth supervision for portfolios of from \$5,000 to \$50,000—on behalf of people who recognize and can share the risks and rewards of common stock investments. The cost is modest, as low as \$100 per year.

For a complimentary copy of a 42-page report describing this tested plan, its complete 10-year "performance record," and how it may help you now, simply write Dept. 0-33.

THE DANFORTH ASSOCIATES WELLESLEY HILLS, MASS., U.S.A. 02182 Investment Management • Incorporated 1936

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Interested Exchanged He declined to disclose the total of the transaction, but stressed that his bank did not buy any of the four banks' shares at the stock exchange, nor were cash payments involved. He indicated that Dresdner exchanged interests in other mortgage banks.

Later, Commerzbank announced that it had gained a majority interest in Westboden, whose balance sheet totals about 2 billion DM.

Commerzbank earlier this year obtained a controlling interest in Rheinische Hypothekbank of Mannheim, while Deutsche Bank gained control of Frankfurter Hypothekbank.

Commerzbank also said it sold its more than 25 percent interest in Deutsche Hypothekbank and in Saechsische Bodenkreditanstalt to Dresdner.

SECURITY BROKERS For private and/or public placement in Europe, South America, Far East, of stock in companies being organized. For appointments in London, Paris & Frankfurt, telephone collect; P. Matthews, London (01-222-2187), before April 26.

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Stock of the Month Club 99% increase 1. The Stock of the Month Club concentrates on supplying its members with one recommendation each month. 2. Our past recommendations have been: Month Recommendation Recommended at Closing price as of 2-24-71 Increase in % June Cyto Instruments 517 530 104% July Syntex 322 338 53% Aug. Bausch and Lomb 381 384 1% Sept. National Patent 237 242 2% Oct. Pittston 287 291 1% Nov. Union Pacific Corp. 344 348 1% Dec. Data Processing 310 314 1% Jan. Savoy Industries 5 7 40% Feb. Fishman Realty 222 224 1% March Central Soya 850 854 0.5%

New York Stock Exchange Trading

Table of New York Stock Exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections for 'Continued from page 8' and 'High Low Last Chg'.

Toronto Stocks

Table of Toronto Stock Exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections for 'Closing prices on April 23, 1971' and 'High Low Last Chg'.

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Table of international bonds traded in Europe, including columns for bond names, prices, and yields. Includes sub-sections for '30-day Indicated Prices' and 'Floating Rates'.

Table of international stocks and bonds, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections for '1971 - Stocks and Bonds' and '1970 - Stocks and Bonds'.

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Table of international stocks and bonds, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections for '1971 - Stocks and Bonds' and '1970 - Stocks and Bonds'.

PACIFIC-WEST INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION advertisement. Text includes 'Copies of the prospectus may be obtained from the PACIFIC-WEST INTERNATIONAL CORP. P.O. Box 21,335, Seattle, Washington' and 'Represent INTERNATIONAL CONDOMINIUM MANAGEMENT, INC. in your area'.

Neuwirth International advertisement. Text includes 'Neuwirth International Fund NV gained 74% in fifteen months' and 'Dow Jones gained only 15.4%'. Includes a line graph showing performance over time.

Mutual Funds section. Table listing various mutual funds and their performance metrics. Includes sub-sections for 'NEW YORK (AP) Closing prices on April 23, 1971' and 'Mutual Funds'.

Finance advertisement. Text includes 'No finance in Europe publishes more world-wide financial advertising than the International Herald Tribune' and 'Year's high and low range does not include changes in latest day's trading'.

American Stock Exchange Trading

Main table containing American Stock Exchange trading data, organized into columns for various stock categories and individual stock listings with their respective prices and volume.

Handwritten Arabic text at the top center of the page.

European Markets

Table listing European market data, including closing prices for various European currencies and indices.

One Dollar

Table titled 'One Dollar' showing exchange rates for various international currencies.

Foreign Stock Indexes

Table listing foreign stock indexes for various countries, including their current values and percentage changes.

Advertisement for 'Profit from Whisky Investment' by ELLIS G ZUERICH, featuring a large graphic and promotional text.

Advertisement for 'VERY LAST CHANCE FOR \$5,000,000!' lottery, including details on prize amounts and ticket information.

PEANUTS  
B.C.  
L.I.L.  
ABNER  
BEETLE  
BAILEY  
MISS  
PEACH  
BUZ  
SAWYER  
WIZARD  
of  
ID  
REX  
MORGAN  
M.D.  
POGO  
RIP  
KIRBY

**PEANUTS**  
FRANZ: I HAVE TO DO A PAPER FOR SCHOOL ON KEN AND ABEL.  
I'VE BEEN LOOKING ALL THROUGH THE OLD TESTAMENT, AND I'VE FOUND ABEL, BUT I CAN'T FIND KEN.  
DO YOU THINK MAYBE I'M USING THE WRONG TRANSLATION?  
I NEVER KNOW WHAT TO SAY...

**B.C.**  
WATER BALLS 1 CLAM EACH  
WATER BALLS 1 CLAM EACH  
LIQUIDATION SALE (CLAM EACH)

**L.I.L. ABNER**  
AS ROYAL DOCTOR, I FORBID A KING IN YOUR (GNER!) SHAPE--  
-TO MARRY A GORL IN (SHORT-PANT?) HER SHAPE?  
BUT THERE IS A DIET THAT COULD BUILD YOU HUP-- SLOBBOVIAN KING CRAB!!  
SO LET'S GET SOME!!  
IS ONLY ONE--AND THE ROTTEN PART ABOUT HIM IS--HE LIKES TO FIT SLOBBOVIAN KINGS!!-- THE SCORE SO FAR IS-- KING CRABS--173 KINGS--

**BEETLE BAILEY**  
@\*!!  
WHAT'S WRONG WITH ME LATELY?  
YOU'RE TOO TENSE UP AT THE PLATE, SARGE  
TRY RELAXING YOUR GRIP A LITTLE

**MISS PEACH**  
WHY ARE YOU LATE, IRA?  
VERY GOOD REASON, MISS PEACH. AT THE CORNER OF ELM AND MAPLE, 153 FEET FROM NORMAN'S SHOE STORE, I NOTICED A LADY TRYING TO CROSS THE STREET. SHE WAS ELDERLY WITH GRAY HAIR, BLUE EYES AND A TAN CHECKED COAT WITH PEARL BUTTONS. I THEREUPON...  
IRA IS LIKE AN AIRLINE...  
--ANYTIME THEY CAREFULLY EXPLAIN EXACTLY WHY YOUR FLIGHT IS DELAYED YOU KNOW THEY'RE LYING.

**BUZ SAWYER**  
BWANA! IS IT YOU?  
WHO DO YOU THINK I AM?  
MAYBE TWIN BROTHER. LOOK ALIKE. TALK ALIKE. BUT CLOTHES NO SAME.  
BY THE WAY, MUKU, TAKE THE NIGHT OFF. I'LL COOK DINNER MYSELF.  
YES. BWANA. THANK YOU, SARG.

**WIZARD of ID**  
I SEE WHERE THE CRIME RATE IS UP 75%.  
THAT'S BECAUSE OF OUR GOVERNMENT.  
NO, EVEN WITHOUT THEM, IT WOULD BE UP 50%.

**REX MORGAN M.D.**  
KEVIN, WE'VE GOT TO HELP BETH. PLEASE, DON'T TALK OF LEAVING HER!  
I WON'T LEAVE HER, MOTHER STEVENS. IT'S JUST THAT I'VE BECOME A NERVOUS WRECK MYSELF-- WORRYING ABOUT HER AND THE CHILDREN-- AT THIS POINT, I'M NOT EVEN DOING A GOOD JOB AT THE OFFICE!  
NOW, DON'T YOU SAY A WORD TO BETH WHEN YOU GET HOME-- AND LET ME HANDLE HER IN THE MORNING!  
BUT SUPPOSING SHE WON'T LISTEN TO YOU EITHER?  
SHE'S STILL MY DAUGHTER-- AND SHE'LL LISTEN! I'LL TELL HER THAT I'LL NEVER SPEAK TO HER AGAIN IF SHE GOES TO SEE THAT P.S.Y. CHIRIST!

**POGO**  
SHE LOVES ME, SHE LOVES ME NOT! SHE LOVES ME--  
WELL, WE'LL JUST LET THAT PETALED REMAN A HYPERGON-- WHAT'S FOR LUNCH, MISS MANKYBEE?  
SHE IS LIKE THESE ROMANCES-- THE MYSTERY.

**RIP KIRBY**  
HE LOOKS TOUGH, ALL RIGHT! WHAT DID YOU SAY HIS NAME IS?  
THOR! YOU WOULDN'T KNOW, LEFTY, BUT THAT'S AN OLD GOD OF THUNDER.  
ACCORDING TO THE SALES PITCH I GOT, HE'S SO MEAN HE CHASES DOGS IF THEY'RE BIG ENOUGH TO BOTHER WITH...  
AND YOU'RE GOING TO KNOCK OFF A CERTAIN PARROT FOR US, AREN'T YOU, THOR BABY?

**BLONDIE**

SEE, HERE'S AN ARTICLE ABOUT A MAN WHO INHERITED A MILLION DOLLARS.  
A MILLION BUCKS-- WOW! WHAT A THRILL THAT MUST BE  
DO YOU REALIZE WHAT YOU COULD BUY WITH A MILLION DOLLARS?  
OF COURSE  
A HUNDRED THOUSAND TEN-DOLLAR HATS

**DENNIS THE MENACE**

"ATTICS IS THE BEST PART OF A HOUSE... EXCEPT WHEN YOU'RE HUNGRY."

**JUMBLE** -- that scrambled word game

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

NICEW  
YO HAR  
TENGL  
LAUTRI

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

FOR HIS

Yesterday's Jumble: INKED QUEST OVERDO BLEACH  
Answer: What to give the man who doesn't have patience enough to finish a book--BOOKENDS

**BOOKS**

**CARRINGTON**  
Letters and Extracts From Her Diaries  
Edited by David Garnett. Holt, Rinehart & Winston, 514 p. Illustrated. \$12.50.

Reviewed by Thomas Last

ALTHOUGH David Garnett has supplied an introductory chapter, the real introduction to this book is Michael Holroyd's "Lytton Strachey." I know that sounds unreasonable. Holroyd's biography consists of two volumes, clearly printed, totaling 1,226 pages. But so intricate and involved were Carrington's relationships with the men-- and women--in her life, that Holroyd's chronicle is a necessity. I doubt whether anyone can quite follow or even understand the quadrilateral affair of Strachey, Carrington, her husband, Ralph Partridge, and her lover, Gerald Frankau, simply from reading these pages. And what I mention that this four-sided game became even more involved by the addition of a new player, Frances Marshall, who ended up living with Partridge, while he was still married to Carrington. The complexity of it all begins to take shape. The point is not the legal technicalities--who cares?--but the personalities, and unless one has a precept of what is to come, a kind of dumb show up to the actors, body it forth in their own words, a great deal is lost.

One can legitimately ask, of course, aren't 1,226 pages enough. If we have Holroyd, why do we need Garnett? Strachey, Holroyd is not enough. For his biography raises its own set of questions. It is never quite clear, for example, what it was about Carrington (she never used her first name, Dora) that so powerfully attracted men. After she left the painter Mark Gertler for Strachey, the artist once in a drunken rage assaulted the biographer. One had only to know Strachey to realize he was less a casual belt than any man alive. And there were times when Partridge and Frankau acted with no more discretion. She must have had something to make men have in this way. She was not conventionally beautiful or witty or gifted. In fact, in the Bloomsbury crowd, she was a mongrel pup in a pride of lions.

The Garnett book also makes more understandable the relationship between her and Strachey. Her suicide after his death was more than a self-pitying gesture, a failure of nerve. It was a realization that the truly essential prop in her life had been removed. It may seem hard to believe, but Strachey, a weak homosexual and completely impractical for Carrington. She needed someone who would never make sexual demands on her, who would therefore not complicate her life in jealous wrangles, who would not interfere in her love life. He was kind, understanding and clever. In return she looked after him every minute and waited on him like a charwoman. Her letters to him are full of high spirits, affectionate gaiety and tenderness free of physical desire. He provided the peaceful hours she could not manage for herself.

"What makes her interesting to subsequent generations," Mr. Garnett writes, "is her relationship with Lytton Strachey." In a sentence that needs to be qualified. What makes her interesting is the singularity of her personality and the manner in which she revealed it. The letters can be superficially described as honest and frank. But Carrington was being neither frank nor honest; she was just being herself. Her self-concern, if those letters are an indication, can hardly be believed. Page after page is devoted to dogs, hunches, clothes, gifts, dishes, housekeeping and chat about the coming and going of friends. And of course the details of her interminable love affairs. One of the more remarkable documents in English literature must be the letter she wrote Strachey on that first mistle Day, Nov. 11, 1910. Though it is more than a thousand words long, this end of World War I receives less mention than a lunch she had with Arthur Waley, who treated her to a cup brimming with sage-glione. When she cautions her correspondents to leave her letters and not to reveal the contents, she is not concerned with proprieties but with the danger that the information contained in her letters may mar her plans. She was secretive, moody and dishonest. When she decided to leave Gertler and move in with Strachey, she did not let the painter know that she was planning to leave him. She deliberately misled him as to her true intentions.

She could not bear to be alone and could not give up the person she loved. This makes her understandable to everyone else. But her trouble was that she was capable of loving two or three people at a time, men and women. "Do you know," she writes Frankau, "I made a conquest at a party given by David Garnett? An American girl. Her situation was complicated even further because she hated being a woman and was happiest in those relationships with men that had little or no physical side. The most interesting aspect for Strachey could never quite understand the freakish mixture of passion and petulance. Her ardor concealed a frozen center. It is partly because Ralph (her husband) treats me not like a woman, now that the strain has vanished between us." Perhaps the most valuable portions of this book are those painful, hesitant pages in which she comes to an understanding of her true nature, of her boy's heart wrapped in a woman's hide.

This summary may give the book a clinical emphasis that perhaps it does not deserve. For there is more than enough about how she and Strachey and their friends lived on the comings and goings of Bloomsbury (a hot-house crowd) and about English life in and around World War I. But when all's said and done, it's Carrington that intrigues the reader--an enigma who is troublesome and illuminating at once.

Mr. Last is a book reviewer for The New York Times.

**CROSSWORD PUZZLE**

Edited by WILL WENG

**FIRST READER**—By Nancy W. Atkinson

**Solution to Last Week's Puzzle**

**ACROSS**  
1 Advance sampling  
2 In proximity  
14 Certain readers  
21 Salsa lake  
22 Needed in a way  
23 Count  
24 Miracles  
25 Author of "Child From the Sea"  
27 Steamway novel  
29 Cassette  
30 Scottish novel  
31 Word with burns  
32 Beneficiary in a suit  
33 Scottish weather  
34 Relative  
35 War  
36 Present times  
37 Verne captain and others  
39 Unhappy states  
40 Destined  
41 Ball game  
42 Good friends  
43 Small duck  
44 Frankly  
45 Tinned meat dish  
46 Arable letters  
47 Jolly one  
48 Pacific porgy  
49 Author of "Wall Street Jungle"  
50 Scottish resort  
51 Gardner and others  
52 Patrol vehicle  
53 Compromise  
54 Valley of fame  
55 Japanese  
56 New up photos  
57 Youth org.  
58 Nonfiction best seller

**DOWN**  
1 Swiss canton  
2 Gift for a man  
3 Root  
4 Appraisal  
5 With up  
6 Frames, in Scotland

**ACROSS**  
23 Architect and writer of manuals  
24 Misuse: Abbr.  
25 Starlike  
26 Dated, common  
27 Preserves  
28 Paris season  
29 Ready to go onstage  
30 "No More" as all  
31 (Diana Greer?)  
32 Steady fare  
33 Fragrant herbs  
34 19th-century novelist  
35 Explosives  
36 Honshu Is. in Japan  
37 "Diana Greer?"  
38 Dreams: Fr.  
39 Word in "Child From the Sea"  
40 Orchard tubers  
41 Small fish  
42 Word in Miller  
43 Normans: Abbr.  
44 Word in Bern  
45 Reason  
46 "I'm a" as all  
47 Reception  
48 "I'm a" as all  
49 Room in Madrid  
50 "Do you" as all  
51 Writers Levon, Charles and Antonia  
52 (Diana Greer?)  
53 Irish and Irish  
54 Impulsive lovers  
55 Introduction  
56 Oddball  
57 "I" makes  
58 Ticket-line member  
59 (Diana Greer?)  
60 Fly's anatomy

سوالن الی

# Hadfield Tricks Black Hawks; North Stars Even Playoff, 1-1

### Rangers Lead Series, 2-1

### Canadiens Bow by 6-3

NEW YORK, April 23 (NYT)—That almost-legendary feeling that the Rangers are in the midst of something special—a trip to the Stanley Cup final—continued last night as they defeated the Chicago Black Hawks, 4-1.

Wally Hadfield, who was to put on a hat and then take to the crowd, scored three goals as New York took a 2-1 edge in games in their best-of-seven semifinal playoff.

It was nervous at the beginning, admitted Ed Giacomin, the goalie who has yielded only four Chicago goals in three games. "But the puck wasn't bouncing for them. It seemed they just couldn't get it on their sticks."

Hadfield began his three-goal performance after 3 minutes 55 seconds. Jean Ratelle fed Hadfield whose low liner went between Tony Esposito's knee pads.

Hadfield increased the edge to 3-0 as Gilbert drew out Esposito and fed the left wing. In the final session, when Hadfield got his third goal, the 17,250 fans at Madison Square Garden stood and applauded for 20 minutes.

MONTREAL, April 23 (AP)—The Minnesota Stars exploded for four first period goals and hung on to whip the Montreal Canadiens 6-3, last night and even their best-of-7 Stanley Cup semifinal hockey playoffs at one game each.

The series now shifts to Minnesota where the third game is scheduled for Sunday. Jean Paul Parise, Jude Drouin, Ted Hampson and Lou Nanne scored the first period goals as the North Stars rebounded from their 7-2 defeat by Montreal in the opening game.

Drouin made it 2-0 at 10:04, when he beat Dryden with a quick wrist shot to the short side. Hampson scored at 15:58 on an off-balance power play when he tipped in Bobby Rousseau's drive.

The North Stars scored again at 19:04 when Montreal's Mac Tardif knocked the puck into his own net behind Dryden after the Canadian rookie goalie had stopped a shot by Nanne, who was credited with the goal.

The first period burst virtually settled the outcome although the Canadiens struck back for two goals by Pete Mahovich and Guy Lapointe in the second period before Murray Oliver tallied Minnesota's fifth goal on a long drive to make it 5-2.

Jean Beliveau pulled the Canadiens within 6-3 with his goal at 4:59 of the third period. The North Stars' Charlie Burns got an unassisted goal with 24 seconds left to play.

Cesare Maniago was in the Minnesota net in place of Gump Worsley.

### NHL Playoffs

Stanley Cup Semifinals  
New York 4, Chicago 3, Gilbert, Chicago 1 (Minn.). Rangers lead best-of-7 series, 2-1.  
Minnesota 6, Montreal 3, Nanne, Hampson, Rousseau, Montreal 3 (Lapointe, Mahovich, Beliveau). Best-of-7 series tied, 1-1.

He scooped the disk out of the net and danced his way past the two dozen fans on the ice, stopping near the bench to try one on.

"We have to grind it out now," said Hadfield, who was caught in a press of newsmen for 20 minutes after his game. He added the cliché, "We're playing them one at a time." But then he broke from the traditional and said, "I feel we can go all the way."

"Other years," said Gilbert, "we'd give it our best shot and we wouldn't win. Now we know if we play our game we'll get the breaks and we'll win."

# Rough Customers Nicklaus, Miller Barber Lead at 69

RANCHO LA COSTA, Calif., April 23 (NYT)—The heavy weather wrecked golf's tournament winners yesterday as Jack Nicklaus and Miller Barber scored 66 in the Tournament of Champions.

A lush 7,114 yard La Costa Country Club course provided an anxious test and most of the 35 men who were eligible for the 100,000 competition because they had won at least once on the circuit during the past 12 months.

Frank Beard, last year's winner, and George Knudson of Canada, trailed the co-leaders by a stroke at 70. More than half the field was at 75 or higher.

Bill Garrett of Houston, the winner of the Coral Springs Open, drove from the first tee and never did find his ball. It disappeared into the heavy grass that was ankle high in most places.

Garret finished with a 79. Tony Jacklin of Britain, the U.S. Open champion, said he couldn't concentrate and posted a 77.

### Sports Shorts

Following a meeting of its board of governors in New York Thursday, the National Basketball Association disclosed that it had heard a report from a four-man committee that had engaged in discussions for the last two weeks with a five-man group representing the rival American Basketball Association. J. Walter Kennedy, the NBA commissioner, reported that the board had, by an undisclosed vote, instructed the committee to "continue the dialogue and asked the committee to incorporate a number of suggestions and recommendations toward the purpose of reactivating hand-and-hand seeking of congressional approval of merger."

The disclosures revealed the first positive steps toward a merger in approximately a year since the Players Association obtained an injunction against merger.

Some \$30,000 in prize money and the suddenly prestigious World Cup tennis trophy will be at stake beginning Friday in a three-day clash between professional players from the United States and Australia. The second World Cup matches, a series of five singles and two doubles, will be played in Boston College's 4,000-seat Roberts Center with the victor's share at \$20,000. The U.S. team of Arthur Ashe, Bob Lutz, Dennis Ralston and Marty Riessen takes on an Aussie quartet of Roy Emerson, John Newcombe, Tony Roche and Fred Stolle. Australia won last year, 5-2.

Former National Basketball Association greats Bob Cousy of the Boston Celtics and Bob Pettit of the St. Louis Hawks, and the late Abe Saperstein, founder of the Harlem Globetrotters, are the newest members of the National Basketball Hall of Fame at Springfield, Mass.

Twist The Axe finished second yesterday, four lengths ahead of Dynastie, the 2-to-1 favorite ridden by Willie Shoemaker. Impetuosity would have been 40-1 or more on his own. Coupled with the runnerup, the winner returned \$10,400 straight as the second choice in a field of 13 three-year-olds. Eric Guerin rode the victor, a Florida-bred colt which shot inside Dynastie at the top of the stretch en route to a moderate 1:49 2/5 timing for the 1 1/8 miles.

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"Did you see that little opening Eric came through?" Poole asked in the winners' circle. "Only apprentice boys do that." Guerin, 47, is a journeyman's journeyman.

"For the Derby," Poole added, "we got to run now. Eric Guerin, Shocaker, riding Dynastie for the first time, was obviously disappointed.

"I just don't know if he can go a mile and a quarter (the Derby distance)," he said. "I don't think he can."

At Tokyo, Japan took a shock 2-0 lead over Australia in the Davis Cup Easter Zone "A" section final at the Nippon Coliseum clay courts. In the opening singles action, Ichiro Yanagi, Japan's top-ranking player, beat John Cooper, 6-4, 6-4, 3-6, 6-2, and Yoshio Sakai, downed Colin Dibley, 5-7, 6-4, 6-3, 6-2. It is the first time in ten Davis Cup Finals that two nations that Japan has taken a lead.

SOCCER—At Vevey, Switzerland, Switzerland scored a surprise 2-1 victory over Denmark in a first leg soccer match of the Olympic qualifying tournament. The return match takes place in the National stadium in Leningrad, where the tie will meet Romania of Albania in the next round.

WRESTLING—At Warsaw, Poland, the Soviet Olympic champion, set three world records in the lightweight category. At the National championships in Leningrad, 6-4, 8-1. The other quarterfinals match Dick Grealy of Australia beat Cliff Richey of San Antonio, Texas, with Rice University freshman Harold Solomon and Bob Carmichael of France with Tom Gorman of Seattle.

At Denver, South Africa Cliff Drysdale moved into the lead in a 17,500 round-robin invitational tournament with 41 points after defeating Nikit Pille of Yugoslavia, 6-2. In a doubles match, Drysdale teamed with Fitzhugh Parrall, 6-4, and Ulrich beat 6-4, 6-4.

In women's quarterfinal matches, Gail Chantrea of France beat Maria Neumanova of Czechoslovakia, 6-1, 6-4, 6-4; Heide Schelle of West Germany beat Brenda Kirk of South Africa, 6-4, 6-0; Virginia Wade of Britain beat Elizabeth Beamon of Australia, 6-1, 6-4, 6-2, and Laura Rossow of South Africa beat Marina Houbors of Czechoslovakia, 3-6, 6-1, 6-4.

# Ruiz of Angels Is Sitting Pretty

### By Ron Rapoport

LOS ANGELES, April 23.—It was several hours before game time and the California Angels were sitting a bus out to the ball park to play the Oakland Athletics earlier this week.

"Have a seat, Chico," somebody said to Chico Ruiz, who was standing in the aisle while holding onto the overhead bar and chatting.

"No thank you," replied the leading authority on benches in major league baseball. "I'll be sitting down plenty in a couple of hours."

Ruiz doesn't get into many Angel games. Three times this season, he has been a pinch-runner. Twice, he has been a pinch-hitter. He has played one inning at third base.

Very Productive  
In terms of percentages, though, Ruiz leads the club in productivity. He has scored three runs (giving him for fourth place on the club in that department), and with a single and a walk is batting 1.000.

But Ruiz, a native of Cuba who is beginning his eighth season in the major leagues, knows that he will spend most of his time sitting and waiting.

Before the game, Ruiz put a mark on the wall at the home plate end of the Angels' dugout at Anaheim Stadium.

"I'm putting one up for every game I'm not in the starting lineup," he said with the smile with which he seems to greet everything. "When the season is over, there are going to be 81 of them."

Played Marginally  
He doesn't think he's going to get up much this season. "I figured I'd pinch-hit six times this season," he said. "When the manager said to hit in Chicago, I thought he was kidding."

Since Ruiz spent six years with Cincinnati, where he also played unarguably most of the time, it is only natural that he should have become a connoisseur of the benches in both leagues.

"Some players go to the park and look at the fences to see how far they are and where the best place to hit the ball is," he said. "I look for a place on the bench where I can hide from the manager and watch the game."

Just as there are good and bad ball parks, and good and bad ballplayers, there are, says Ruiz, good and bad benches.

Some bad ones:  
● Philadelphia—"You hit your head when you get up."



Chico Ruiz ... on bench in park.

● San Francisco—"It's on a level with the ground and all that wind blows at you."  
● Baltimore—"Too small. You can't hide from the manager."  
● Some good ones:  
● Houston—"The dugout runs all the way to the field and they show cartoons on the scoreboard."  
● Cincinnati—"An outstanding bench. It's double-decked and you can sit on top."  
● Anaheim—"You can't beat it. The bench is made of fiberglass so you can't get splinters. And there's hard rubber on the floor so your spikes don't get caught. We have the best weather, too."

But good or bad, all these benches have one thing in common—they're in the major leagues. The only bench Ruiz doesn't want to rate is the one in Salt Lake City, an Angel farm club.

By Ron Rapoport

# Max Cohen Outpoints Scott in U.S.

SEATTLE, April 23 (AP)—Nessim Cohen, the former Casablanca street urchin, made a successful U.S. debut with a majority decision over Fraser Scott of Seattle last night in a ten-round middleweight bout.

Cohen, who prefers to be called Max and who now lives in Paris, gave away eight years and a lot of quickness to the 22-year-old Scott. But the 189-pound Cohen took the fight away in the late rounds.

The Frenchman's biggest margin came in the ninth round; the same round in which he scored a technical knockout over Scott in their first fight, in Paris last November.

In the seventh round, a series of left jabs set up a good right hand that opened a cut beside Scott's left eye.

Cohen reopened that cut in the ninth and added a cut under Scott's other eye.

Referee Sam Heller scored it 97-95 for Cohen. Judge Clay Nixon gave Cohen a 99-97 edge. Referee Pat McMurray scored the fight even at 88.

"It was not a good fight," Cohen said afterward. "I wasn't acclimated."

"I had a lot of openings," Cohen said, "but I wasn't sharp. I'm going to stay here for three or four fights. Next time you'll see the real Cohen."

"In Paris," he added, "he doesn't go six rounds."

Anderson Hires Frazier  
TAMPA, Fla., April 23 (Reuters)—Ray Anderson has hired world heavyweight champion Joe Frazier to act as his second when he challenges fellow American Bob Foster for the world light-heavyweight boxing title here tomorrow night.

Foster is a 3-to-1 favorite to retain the crown in his sixth title defense though Frazier's presence in Anderson's corner is seen as an attempt to intimidate the champion.

Frazier knocked out Foster in the eighth round of their world heavyweight title fight last November.

The World Boxing Association dropped Foster as champion recently but the 33-year-old is still recognized as king in most of the world.

The WBA lists Vincente Rondon as its champ. "If they come up with the cash, we'll be happy to take on Rondon after I whip Anderson," Foster said.

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# Buc Ties April Homer Mark Another Stargell Shot Gives Braves Overdose

### By Sam Goldaper

NEW YORK, April 23 (NYT)—The Atlanta Braves' pitching staff got another home-run overdose from Willie Stargell last night.

The Pittsburgh Pirates' strongboy is rapidly becoming Atlanta's biggest menace. He hit his tenth homer of the season, the eighth in six games against Atlanta, pitching in the Pirates' 7-1 victory at Three Rivers Stadium in Pittsburgh in which Stargell has hit three homers in one game twice against the Braves this season.

The drive last night, in the third inning against Ron Reed, enabled Stargell to tie a major-league record for the most home runs during the month of April, held by Frank Robinson of the Baltimore Orioles and Tony Perez of the Cincinnati Reds.

Perez hit his 10th April homers last year and Robinson in 1969. Steve Blass, with relief help from Dave Giusti in the eighth, picked up his second victory of the season. He had a four-hit and a 7-1 lead going in the inning, but was removed after successive singles by Sonny Jackson, Ralph Garret and Felix Millan.

Richie Hebner, the Pirates' third baseman, who broke out of an 0-for-24 batting slump Wednesday night, singled in the second and then smashed successive triples in the fourth and sixth, each time scoring leadoff batter Dave Cash.

Cardinals 5, Phillies 2  
Steve Carlton gained his fourth victory in as many starts as St. Louis defeated Philadelphia, 5-2, at St. Louis. Off to the best start of his career, the front-line Carlton limited the Phils to six hits, all singles. In his third complete game, he struck out five and walked two. Don Money's single in the seventh led to the Phillies' first run. He advanced to third on a hit batsman and a sacrifice and scored on Joe Lie's sacrifice fly to end Carlton's scoreless inning string at 19.

Thursday's Line Scores  
NATIONAL LEAGUE  
Atlanta ..... 000 000 121-10 1  
Pittsburgh ..... 121 201 002-7 10 1  
Cincinnati ..... 000 000 001-1 0  
Deter; Black; Giusti; Millan; Bacc; Guillou. W—Blas (2-0). L—Reed (1-1). HR—Stargell (10th), Bacc (10th).  
Philadelphia ..... 000 000 101-2 6 2  
St. Louis ..... 200 010 112-3 10 0  
Houston ..... 000 000 001-1 0 0  
Ryan; Carlton (6-0) and Simmons. L—Brazing (1-2).  
Chicago ..... 010 002 012-6 9 3  
Dierker (2-0) and Blatt; Hands (3-2).  
Houston ..... 000 000 001-1 0 0  
Ryan; Carlton (6-0) and Simmons. L—Brazing (1-2).  
AMERICAN LEAGUE  
Oakland ..... 101 020 000-7 9 0  
California ..... 100 001 013-3 5 1  
Chicago ..... 010 000 000-4 7 4  
Wynne (5), Fisher (7), Larocque (9) and Moses. L—Messersmith (1-3).  
Pittin; Lopez (9) and Roidis (1-3).  
Brady (2-0), L—Pattin (2-3), RR—Herrmann (2d), May (1st).

Friday's Games  
Washington at Atlanta, night.  
San Francisco at Cincinnati, night.  
Montreal at Boston, night.  
Philadelphia at St. Louis, night.

Major League Standings  
NATIONAL LEAGUE  
Eastern Division  
St. Louis ..... W L Pct. GB  
Pittsburgh ..... 9 6 506 1-2  
Montreal ..... 8 5 546 1  
New York ..... 6 5 545 1.2  
Philadelphia ..... 4 9 333 4  
Chicago ..... 10 10 333 4.2

Western Division  
San Francisco ..... 12 4 750 0  
Atlanta ..... 8 6 511 3  
Houston ..... 7 7 462 4  
Los Angeles ..... 8 7 460 4  
Cincinnati ..... 4 9 333 6  
San Diego ..... 3 11 214 8  
(Franchise records included)

Thursday's Results  
Houston 6, Chicago 1.  
Washington 4, Atlanta 4.  
St. Louis 10, Philadelphia 2.  
(Only games scheduled)

Friday's Results  
Washington at Atlanta, night.  
San Francisco at Cincinnati, night.  
Montreal at Boston, night.  
Philadelphia at St. Louis, night.

ABA Pacers Cut Stars' Edge, 3-2  
ANDERSON, Ind., April 23 (AP)—The Indiana Pacers stayed alive in the American Basketball Association West Division playoffs last night with a 127-109 victory over the Utah Stars.

Utah led, 30-28, at the end of the first period, but the Pacers outscored the Stars, 18-3, during the first minutes of the second quarter to take a lead they never relinquished.

The two teams met again at Salt Lake City tomorrow as the Pacers attempt to end the best-of-seven series at 3-2.

ABA Playoffs  
Indiana 127, Utah 109 (Wise 21, Beatty 20, Elam 14, best-of-7 series, 2-2).  
Cleveland at Kansas City, night.  
Detroit at Oakland, night.  
Baltimore at California, night.

## IRISH HOSPITALS SWEEPSTAKES

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NOT LATER THAN 1st JUNE, 1971.

IN AID OF MEDICAL TREATMENT AND RESEARCH

# Impetuosity Wins Blue Grass In Kentucky Windage Display

### By Gerald Strine

LEXINGTON, Ky., April 23 (WP)—Impetuosity, 12th in his previous start, won the Blue Grass Stakes at Keeneland by three lengths in an unexpected display of Kentucky windage by trainer George Foss yesterday.

Wendell P. Rosso's chestnut son of Vertex supposedly was the lesser half of an entry with the Twist The Axe, winner of the Arkansas Derby in which Impetuosity was beaten by 20 lengths on April 3.

Twist The Axe finished second yesterday, four lengths ahead of Dynastie, the 2-to-1 favorite ridden by Willie Shoemaker. Impetuosity would have been 40-1 or more on his own. Coupled with the runnerup, the winner returned \$10,400 straight as the second choice in a field of 13 three-year-olds. Eric Guerin rode the victor, a Florida-bred colt which shot inside Dynastie at the top of the stretch en route to a moderate 1:49 2/5 timing for the 1 1/8 miles.

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# CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

(Continued from Back Page)

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